AGRICULTURAL CENSUS OF NIUE 2009

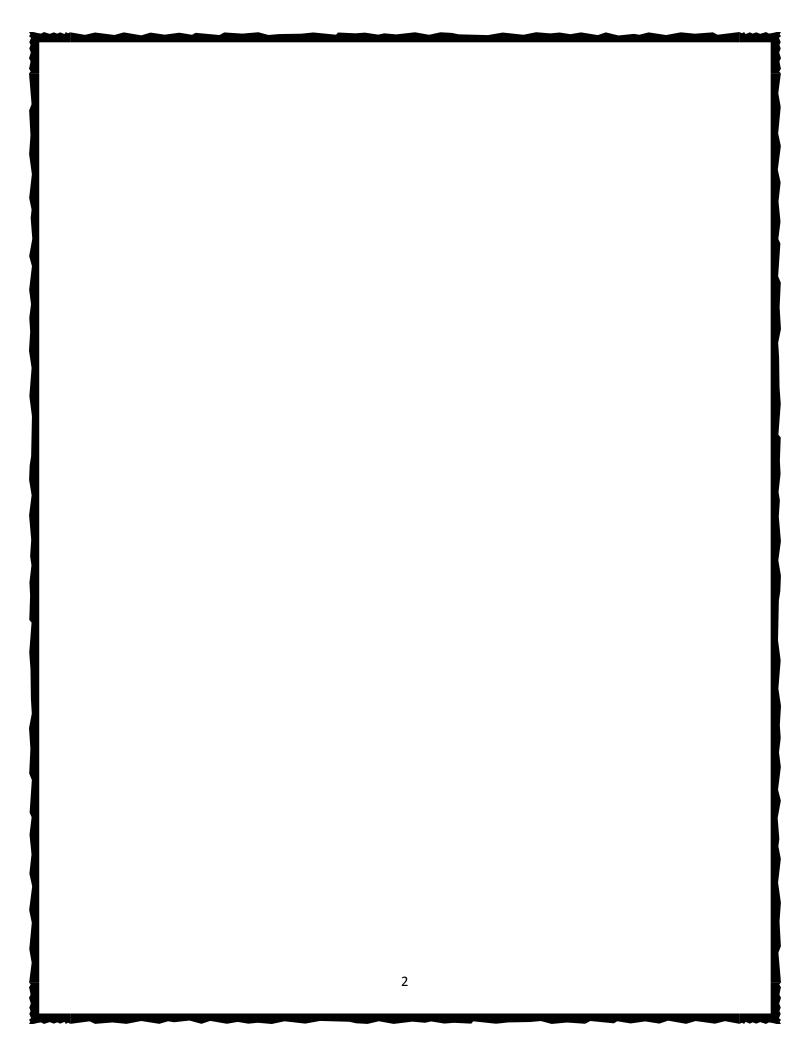












PREFACE

It has been 20 years (1989 – 2009) since Niue have conducted an Agricultural Census. The 2009 Niue Agriculture Census was the second such census to be conducted in Niue to provide up to date information on the agricultural sector of the economy that was established some twenty years ago.

The Agricultural Census was conducted as a joint exercise between Statistics Niue and the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries with technical expertise provided by the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization for which we are most appreciative. Although the Census was primarily a national undertaking, additional professional and technical assistance was provided by the consultant from the Samoa Bureau of Statistics and the computer programmer from the National Statistics Office of the Philippines, therefore its success reflects the hard work and dedication of everyone involved.

Equally important we would like to acknowledge the people of Niue who responded willingly to the questions put to them, the enumerators and supervisors without whom the information could not have been collected successfully and the management staff of the two departments who have worked tirelessly to ensure that things were running properly and success truly realized.

This report will provide a wealth of information on agricultural activities in Niue and a comprehensive baseline data and benchmark statistics for a particular point in time that will be used as a basis of the decisions-making, policy designing and forward planning of those concerns.

We feel confident that the information presented in this report will prove to be of great value to those concerned with developing the agricultural sector to the betterment of all the people of Niue.

Monuina a Niue Fekai.

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FOREWORD

The availability of statistical information is imperative in evidence-based policy and decision making. It also provides the underlying basis to sound development planning. The fundamental objective of the Agricultural Census therefore is to ensure the realization of the above for the Government of Niue, the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (DAFF), the business community of Niue, members of the public and other parties who are involved in agricultural related activities in Niue. This information is vital to the work of DAFF and other Departments in implementing the Niue National Strategic Plan 2009-2013 (NNSP), the Niue development partners, prospect investors, and other agencies involved in implementing agricultural related projects. E.g. United Nations Community-Centred Sustainable Development Project (CCSDP), United Nations Sustainable Land Management Project (SLM) etc. This data will also be used in the monitoring of the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) and the Food Security of Niue.

Whilst the Agricultural Census was primarily concerned with collecting data on the livestock and crops, information was also collected on fishing activities and the hunting of coconut crabs. Hence, this report on the 2009 Agricultural Census provides a comprehensive statistical analysis of the agricultural sector in Niue. The information contained in this report will be of immense value not only to the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries but also to other Government Departments and members of the public.

The agricultural sector is one of the important sectors of the economy, providing the bulk of the country's staple food requirements as well as a source of cash income for some of the island's households or to supplement the household cash income. Agricultural commodities also have been a part of the export market of Niue for a long time now with potentials to expand through the introduction of new products or commodities and new methods or ways of cultivation. However, although the export potential of the industry is widely recognized it has proved a difficult task to establish sustainable export oriented production that is economically viable, due largely to fluctuating external market related variables and the vulnerability of Niue to natural disasters such as tropical cyclones and droughts.

The 2009 Agricultural Census was conducted as a joint undertaking between Statistics Niue and the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries with technical and professional expertise provided by the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) for which we are most appreciative. A special thank you to Laupua Fiti of the Bureau of Statistics of Samoa and Karina Paz Bacuyag of the National Statistics Office of the Philippines for their instrumental contributions to the success of the Census, to David Marshall and Jairo Castano from FAO for all their assistance in seeing that the support from FAO contributes to this success.

Fakaaue lahi mahaki to everyone in Niue, from Government officials, the enumerators, the supervisors, data operators, the management team and to more so every person in Niue for their contributions to the 2009 Agriculture Census. Its success reflects the hard work and dedication of everyone involved.

Kia monuina e totouaga he tau fakamauaga mo e tau talahauaga nai. Kia fakatumau foki ke fakaaoga ke he tau fifiliaga mo e tau fakatokatokaaga ma e tau fekau moe tau gahua ke he fonua poke tofia he motu fakahelehele ko Niue Fekai ma e tau momoui tagata. Niue ke Monuina.

Monu tagaloa, monu ti tonu.

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SUMMARY OF THE CENSUS RESULTS

| Population | on (22 November 2009) | | 1,536 |
|------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| N | Niuean | 1,239 | |
| N | Non Niuean | 297 | |
| N | Males | 766 | |
| F | - Females | 770 | |
| Number | of Households | | 466 |
| Agricultu | ıral Activity | | |
| 1 Non Ag | gricultural Households | | 44 (9%) |
| N | Non Agricultural | 35 (7.5%) | |
| N | Minor agricultural | 9 (2%) | |
| 2 Agricul | tural Households | | 422 (91%) |
| S | Subsistence Only | 299 (64%) | |
| S | Subsistence/Cash | 109 (23%) | |
| C | Commercial | 14 (3%) | |
| Number | of Agricultural Holdings | | 429 |
| Number | of Parcels | | 1,267 |
| Livestock | • | | |
| F | Pigs | 1,743 | |
| | Of which: | | |
| | Boars | 229 | |
| | Sows | 379 | |
| | Other Pigs | 1,135 | |
| C | Chickens | 12,018 | |
| C | Cattle | 7 | |

Domestic animals

Dogs 282
Cats 515

Fishing

Number of household Engaged in Fishing 296

Equipments Owned:

Canoes 130
Dinghies 81
Outboard Motors 89

Coconut Crab Hunting:

Taro

No. of Household Engaged in Coconut Crab hunting 279

No. of coconut Crabs Caught (month before the Census) 12384

Average Number caught/Month/Household 44

Land Tenure: 'Family Owned' Parcels 89%

Main Crops: Area and Number of Plants -Single Crop Equivalent Area (acres)

Coconut 324
Vanilla 51
Yam 31
Banana 30

713

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CHAPTER 1 – METHODOLOGY

1.1 Introduction

This was the second Agricultural Census to be conducted in Niue since the last one in 1989. As well as collecting information on agriculture, the census also included some detail information on the population to provide the Government with up-to-date information on some important population parameters.

Although this as only the second agricultural census to be conducted in Niue, the country has a long history of Population activities and has gained experiences in data collection. Nevertheless, Food and Agricultural Organization of the United Nations (FAO) provided technical assistance under TCP/Niue/3101 through the services of an Agricultural Census Expert and a Data Processing Expert.

1.2 Census Administration

The Agricultural Census was conducted by the Statistic Niue (SN) in close collaboration with the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (DAFF). The Niue Government Statistician assumes responsibility for the day-to-day activities of the census including the supervision of the fieldwork and the checking, editing and coding of the completed questionnaires.

The Agricultural census was taken under the authority of the Niue Census Act 2009.

1.3 The Questionnaires

The questionnaire was designed by the FAO Agricultural Statistics Expert in consultation with SN and DAFF. The design followed closely that used in the Samoa Agricultural Census, 1999, with some modifications taking into account the differences in agricultural emphasis in the two countries.

Altogether, three questionnaires were used.

- 1 Household Form
- 2 Holding Form
- 3 Parcel Form.

The following information was required from all households.

- (i) Location of household
- (ii) Date of birth, sex, Age, Decent, Country of Residence for all persons
- (iii) Educational Attainment, Main Activity, Hours worked in the Holding and Operator Status for persons 10 years and over

- (iv) Level of Agricultural Activity
- (v) Livestock, Poultry and Domestic Animals
- (vi) Household Fishing Activities (fishing methods, Number of fishing trips, persons involved in fishing, proportion of catch sold, number of canoes, dinghies and outboard motors owned or hired.
- (vii) Number of Uga caught and method of Catching
- (viii) Consumption of Major crops (drinking Nuts, Matured Coconuts, Green and Ripe Bananas, Taro, Cassava and Papaya
- (ix) Number of Coconuts for Feeding Animals.

Additionally, the households identified as 'agriculturally Active, these information were collect.

- (x) Number of Holdings, Number of parcels and method of Operation.
- (xi) Total Area of Holding, Land Tenure, Land Use and Proportion of crops Damaged by wild Pigs.
- (xii) Labour Inputs by Non-Household Members (wages and Other Benefits)
- (xiii) Agricultural Income and Credit
- (xiv) Use of Fertilizers and Chemicals (Insecticides, Herbicides and Fungicides)
- (xv) Equipment owned, hired or Borrowed (knapsack Sprayer, Wheelbarrow, Chainsaw, Electric Generator, Brush Cutter, Planting Stick and Rotary Hoe)
- (xvi) Land clearing Using Bulldozer
- (xvii) Crops Grown and Crops Main Use
- (xviii) Crop Grown in a Plot, Plot Area, Method of Sowing, Proportion of Mix and Number of Trees/Plants)
- (xix) Crops Planted and harvested in 2009 (Area and/or Number of Plants Harvested and Proportion Sold)

The questionnaires were design such that households with no or very little agricultural activities (Non and Minor agricultural households) completed only the Household form.

An Enumeration Manual was also prepared as a reference document.

1.4 Recruitment and Training of Enumerators

Recruitment: The recruitment of census enumerators and other census workers were mainly of government employees from different government departments but more from the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (DAFF) and former employees (now retired) of DAFF. The consideration of their recruitment was based on their:

- experience as enumerators of previous censuses project so the concept was not new to them,
- basic knowledge of the content of the census, the definitions of crops, livestock and others; and
- basic knowledge of their prescribed area of enumeration, the residents and land of use making easy for them to relate to the householders and land they use for agricultural production.

Training: Training was conduct over a period of two weeks in three different days. Day one was in September 2009 for a full day with the census expert from FAO and Day two for the Field Supervisors and Data Operators and Day three for everyone in the team with the Government Statistician and Senior officials from DAFF.

The first training session with the enumerators concentrated on the concepts and definitions employed in the census. The enumerators also conduct mock interviews amongst themselves and completed sample copies of the questionnaires. This not only gave them some necessary practical experience in completing the questionnaires but also served to highlight those aspects of the questionnaires that were not fully understood by all the enumerators.

The second training session was divided into two sections; the first with the field supervisors and the second for the data operators. With the field supervisors, the training at first was similar to that of the above in term of familiarizing with the concepts and definitions and gradually more on the supervisory and management of the interviewers out in the field doing the interviews and filling of questionnaires. There was a concentration of 'checks' to filled questionnaires and handling of hard cases and /or refusals. With the data operators, there was familiarization with the questionnaires and the flow of questions and codes used in the census.

The third training session served to bring the whole team together so they will know who they are working with and to highlight any aspect of the census that were not fully understood by enumerators, supervisors and data operators.

1.5 The Enumeration

The country was divided to 21 Enumeration Areas (EAs) for the enumeration purposes. This division was based on the Population and Household Census 2006. There were 30 EAs in the first Agriculture Census in 1989 and the decline of number of EAs to 21 this time was the direct result of the declining population and number of households.

The household list of the 2006 census was update and used for this Agriculture census. The final updating of the household lists was carried out by the statistics office staff and the enumerators on the evening of the 4th of November 2009 and the pre-census count of the population and households was done. However the 'Census Night' for the count of the population and households was set for the weekend of 21 November 2009.

The enumeration and filling of questionnaires of households began on the 9th November and concludes 22nd November 2009 for period of 2 weeks. This period of the survey was thought to be necessary as the enumerators were expected to work 2 to 3 hours in the evenings considering the appropriate time respondents of households returned home from their normal day activities.

There were 3 different questionnaires: The Household form, The Holding form and The Parcel form to be completed for each of the households depending on the level of Agricultural activity of the household. The enumerator is expected to take about up to an hour to complete the three questionnaires. No major problems were experienced with the enumeration and all households were covered during the allotted time.

The tasks of the enumerators were undoubtedly facilitated by the fact that not only they were selected from the EAs there were familiar with but with less than 500 households in Niue most individuals knew each other and their activities. The field supervisors were tasked to make regular checks with the enumerators about the progress of their work and report to the Census manager (Government Statistician) on a day to day basis.

Overall the standard of enumeration was very high. The enumerators and field supervisors have ensured not only to collect from respondents of households' accurate and complete information but also to observe and uphold the legal provisions of taking the census.

1.6 Checking, Editing and Coding.

It is standard practice that as each enumeration area was completed the forms were first checked by the field supervisors for missing information and obvious inconsistencies. Omissions and errors identified at this stage were corrected by the enumerators.

The next stage was for the field supervisors to go through the completed forms again in the office to check in more detail for omissions and logical inconsistencies. Where they were found, the supervisors were responsible to take the necessary action.

Once the questionnaires had been thoroughly checked and edited, they were then coded in preparation for data processing.

Checking, editing and coding of the questionnaires in office were done after normal working hours as to ensure that the confidentiality of the survey is well observed.

1.7 Data Processing.

The data was entered using two office computers of Statistics Niue with a custom designed CSPro database software by a computer programmer from The National Statistics office of the Philippines . Data entry was successfully done in a week.

The next stage of processing, on line editing and cleaning in preparation for tabulation was not straight forward as expected because of these issues: the programmer assigned by FAO for the census was based in the Philippines and was only available on part time basis, the census expert (consultant) was based in Samoa and was also available on part time basis while the rest of the team was in the Niue office. The 'distance' between the parties, the day and time differences had became a hurdle to the smooth running of the final stages of data processing, cleaning and tabulation of the data and not to mention the difficulties in the communication systems. The progress was very much depended on the availability of internet communications and they were times it has broken down. These composite issues have delayed the final stages of data processing dramatically.

1.8 The Post-Enumeration Survey.

As with all major fieldwork exercises it is important to conduct an independent assessment of the quality of the information gathered. In the case of the Agriculture Census, the most important component to be evaluated was the estimates of land area and root crops sown.

Whilst the census was conducted on an interview basis it was felt desirable that the post-enumeration survey should use objective measurement techniques (compass and tape-measure) to measure the physical area of the selected parcels of land. The office was very aware of the timing involved in conducting such survey so it was decided to enumerate only 20 parcels and plots contained therein, 10 parcels with crops currently growing in, 5 fallow parcels and 5 new parcels. Both the total area of the parcel and the area of plots were measured. A count of crops was done to 3 parcels with crops growing on it.

The results of the survey revealed some differences between the areas recorded in the census interview and the physical area as measured. This was very obvious on the areas that were slashed and burnt, and areas where there were bush or wild fires. The areas cleared by a bulldozer were fairly accurate.

On the basis of the results of this small post-enumeration survey it can be concluded that whilst individual area estimates may differ considerable from the actual physical area, within the country as a whole, and to a lesser extent individual village areas, these differences can be expected to balance each other out with little overall effect on the results. There is a slight exception in the cases of fallow parcels/land and new parcels where there were some evidence to conclude that the areas were probably underestimated.

CHAPTER 2 – POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS.

2.1 Introduction

As part of the 2009 agricultural census, a population count was undertaken and some basic demographic information obtained. Population agricultural information was collected together in the week before the census night on midnight November 22, 2009.

2.2 Population

A total of 1,536 persons were enumerated in Niue at the time of the census. Females accounted for 50.1% and 49.9 % for males. The village population ranges from 378 persons in Alofi South to 12 persons in Namukulu.

Niue experienced an overall population loss of 89 people or 5.5% since the 2006 population census, with an annual growth rate of -1.9%.

Seven villages had net population loss of more than 10 percent, with Tamakautoga and Toi recording the greatest loss of more than 20 percent.

Four villages experienced population growth with Vaeia and Liku recording the highest growth of 37 percent.

Table 1: Niue Population by Village 2006 and 2009

| | Total Po | pulation | Populati | Population Distribution | |
|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------------------------|------|
| Village | 2006 | 2009 | Number | % | % |
| Total | 1,625 | 1,536 | -89 | -5.5 | 100 |
| Alofi South | 434 | 378 | -56 | -12.9 | 24.6 |
| Alofi North | 147 | 168 | 21 | 14.3 | 10.9 |
| Makefu | 62 | 60 | -2 | -3.2 | 3.9 |
| Tuapa | 120 | 111 | -9 | -7.5 | 7.2 |
| Namukulu | 14 | 12 | -2 | -14.3 | 0.8 |
| Hikutavake | 56 | 49 | -7 | -12.5 | 3.2 |
| Toi | 31 | 24 | -7 | -22.6 | 1.6 |
| Mutalau | 85 | 93 | 8 | 9.4 | 6.1 |
| Lakepa | 72 | 65 | -7 | -9.7 | 4.2 |
| Liku | 62 | 85 | 23 | 37.1 | 5.5 |
| Hakupu | 162 | 138 | -24 | -14.8 | 9.0 |
| Vaiea | 59 | 81 | 22 | 37.3 | 5.3 |
| Avatele | 164 | 152 | -12 | -7.3 | 9.9 |
| Tamakautoga | 157 | 120 | -37 | -23.6 | 7.8 |

2.3 Population Profile

The census recorded 1,239 (80.7%) persons of Niuean decent with 297 from other ethnic groups.

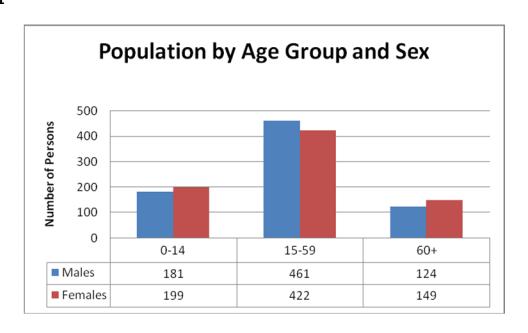
Table 2: Population by ethnicity and sex 2006 and 2009.

| | 2006 | | | | | | 20 | 009 | | | | |
|----------------|-------|-----|-------|------|---------|------|-------|------|-------|------|---------|-----|
| | Total | % | Males | % | Females | % | Total | % | Males | % | Females | % |
| Total | 1,538 | 100 | 756 | 100 | 782 | 100 | 1,536 | 100 | 766 | 100 | 770 | 100 |
| Niuean | 1246 | 81 | 588 | 77.8 | 658 | 84.1 | 1239 | 80.7 | 600 | 78.3 | 639 | 83 |
| Non- Niuean | 292 | 19 | 168 | 22.2 | 124 | 15.9 | 297 | 19.3 | 166 | 21.7 | 131 | 17 |

Overall, there was no significant change in the proportion of the Niuean population in terms of ethnicity from the 2006 population census. However, one of the villages, Vaiea, recorded only 30% of its population are of Niuean decent.

The population of Niue comprises of 25% below fifteen years of age, 57% in the labour force age group and the remaining 12% in the 60+ age group.

Figure 1



Niue's resident population in 2009 consisted of 766 males and 770 females reflecting a sex ratio of 99, that is, 99 resident males to every 100 resident females.

2.4 Country of Residence

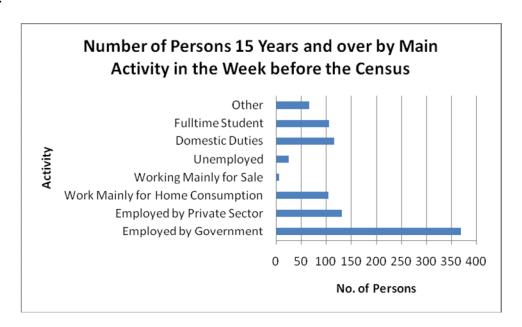
Some 1466, or 95 percent of the population indicated Niue as their country of residence at the time of the census with 70 persons describing their place of residence as being outside of Niue(43 from New Zealand)

Of the total population of 1536 at the time of the census, 1383 or 90 percent were resident of Niue a year earlier. The majority of the remaining 10 percent were resident in New Zealand, accounting for 64 percent.

2.5 Main Activity

Every person 10 years and over was asked of their main activity in the week before the census. Of the 649 persons formally employed, 65% were employed by Government, with males accounting for 54% of government's workforce.

Figure 2



Government remain the main employer which accounted for 36 percent of the total population in the working age group (15 and above). Of the 419 persons employed by government, about 95 percent were of Niuean decent. However, a much less percentage of Niuean was employed in the private sector accounting for about 57 percent of the private sector employment.

Table 3: Niuean population 15 Years and Above By Main activity

| Maio Activity | Ma | les | Females | | Total | |
|-------------------------------|--------|------|---------|------|--------|------|
| Main Activity | Number | % | Number | % | Number | % |
| Working | | | | | | |
| -Government | 198 | 43.9 | 171 | 36.1 | 369 | 39.9 |
| -Private Sector | 65 | 14.4 | 66 | 13.9 | 131 | 14.2 |
| -Mainly for home consumption | 57 | 12.6 | 48 | 10.1 | 105 | 11.4 |
| -Mainly for sales | 1 | 0.2 | 5 | 1.1 | 6 | 0.6 |
| | | | | | | |
| Total Working | 321 | 71.2 | 290 | 61.2 | 611 | 66.1 |
| Unemployed | 14 | 3.1 | 12 | 2.5 | 26 | 2.8 |
| Total Economically Active | 335 | 74.3 | 302 | 63.7 | 637 | 68.9 |
| Non Economically Active | | | | | | |
| -Domestic | 22 | 4.9 | 94 | 19.8 | 116 | 12.5 |
| -Students | 61 | 13.5 | 45 | 9.9 | 106 | 11.5 |
| Others | 33 | 7.3 | 33 | 7.0 | 66 | 7.1 |
| Total Non Economically Active | 116 | 25.7 | 172 | 36.3 | 288 | 31.1 |
| TOTAL | 451 | 100 | 474 | 100 | 925 | 100 |

The above table indicated some difference of employment by sex. Males were more likely to have a job, with 71 percent working in the week before the census compared to 61 percent of females. Not surprisingly, therefore, more males were employed by Government accounting for 54 percent of Government's workforce. However, the percentage of males and females employed in the private sector were the same.

The situation was reversed in the non economic sector, where the numbers of females were considerably higher than males. Most of them were classified as working in domestic duties.





CHAPTER 3 - RESULT OF THE CENSUS

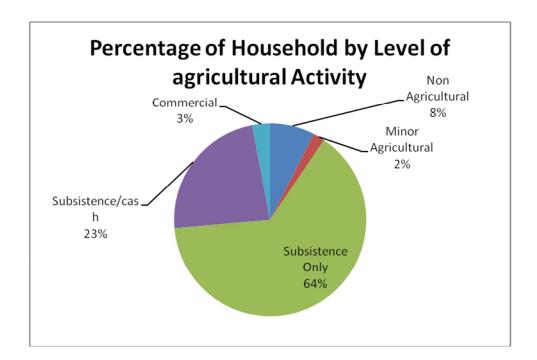
3.1 Introduction

The agricultural Census 2009 collected a large amount of information relating to the agricultural sector in Niue. However this chapter provides only the main findings of the census relating to the agricultural sector (excluding establishments).

3.2 Agricultural Activity

Households Agricultural Activities were classified into five categories namely Non agricultural, minor Agricultural, Subsistence, Subsistence and Cash and Commercial. Some 44 households (9.4%) were classified as either non agricultural or engaged in minor agricultural activities. Most of these households (84%) were located in the town area of Alofi.

Figure 3



Of the ninety one percent of the households recorded as agriculturally active, the majority (299 households) are engaged solely in subsistence activities with few crops, if any being grown for sales. Hundred and nine households were classified as being engaged both in subsistence and cash activities and fourteen households in commercial agricultural activities.

This reflects the extent of the involvement of the local population in the agricultural sector and the subsistence nature of their activities. The Table below indicates a similar pattern in the agricultural activity in the urban and rural areas. However, agricultural involvement was very much higher in the rural area

Table 4: Number of Households by level of agricultural Activity

| Level of agricultural Activity | Alofi | Rest of Niue | Niue |
|--------------------------------|-------|--------------|------|
| Non Agricultural | 29 | 6 | 35 |
| Minor Agricultural | 8 | 1 | 9 |
| Subsistence Only | 117 | 182 | 299 |
| Subsistence/Cash | 14 | 95 | 109 |
| Commercial | 3 | 11 | 14 |
| Number of Households | 171 | 295 | 466 |

3.3 Domestic Animals.

Forty seven percent of households were keeping a cat and thirty four percent kept a dog at the day of enumeration. For the households keeping cats, the average number of cats kept is between 2 and 3. The average number of dogs kept by those households keeping dogs is between 1 and 2.

In comparison to the 1989 agricultural census, the number of households keeping cats decreases by one third with a corresponding decline in the number of cats of one third. On the other hand, the number of households keeping dogs and the number of dogs decreases by forty six percent.

Table 5: Number of Domestic Animals kept, 2009 and 1989

| Census Year | Number of Households Keeping Dogs | Number of Dogs | Number of Households Keeping Cats | Number of Cats |
|----------------|---|----------------|---|----------------|
| 2009 | 159 | 282 | 220 | 515 |
| 1989 | 295 | 527 | 330 | 766 |

3.4 Livestock.

As with most Pacific Island Nations, the keeping of livestock is an integral part of subsistence agriculture. It does not only provide for household consumption but more importantly for cultural obligation. The

census collected information on three main livestock normally kept by households namely pigs, chicken and cattle.

Altogether, 336 households or 72 percent of all households in Niue kept some form of livestock.

3.4.1 Pigs

Two hundred and thirty seven households were recorded to be keeping a total of 1743 pigs at the day of enumeration or an average of 4 pigs per household or 7 pigs per household keeping pigs. Of the total of 1743 pigs, 229 were boars, 379 were sows and the remaining was classified as 'other pigs'.

Figure 4

Most households keeping pigs had between 1 and 4 pigs (121 households or 51 percent of households keeping pigs. A further 58 households (24 %) kept between 5 and 9 pigs, 33 households between 10 and 19 (14%) and 20 households or 11% claimed to have kept 20 or more pigs at the time of the census.

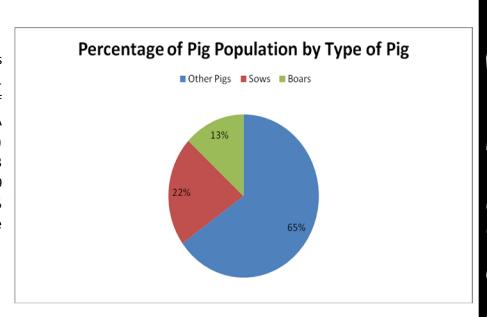
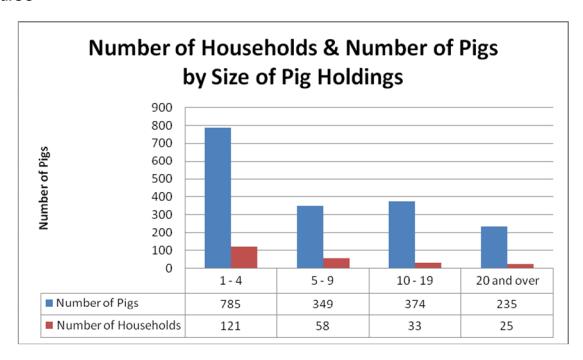


Figure 5



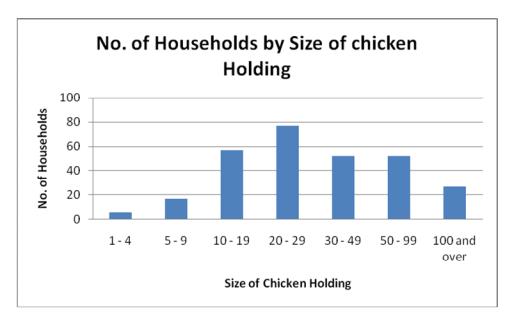
3.4.2 Chickens

Two hundred and eighty eight households (52 % of all households) were recorded to have kept 12,018 chickens at the time of enumeration; an average of 42 chickens per households for those households keeping chickens and an average of 26 for the total number of households.

Most of the households kept their chickens' free range. Of the total number of chickens, some 93 % are free range.

In terms of chicken population, the largest concentration of chickens was found in the 50-59 size groups. However the 10-19, 20-29, 30-49 and over 100 size groups were also significant.

Figure 6



3.4.3 Cattle

In terms of cattle, only seven households were recorded to have kept a total of seven cattle, or one cattle each. Keeping of cattle in Niue is not common it was way back in 1989 when 129 were known to have been kept in Niue. It was established that the handful of cattle kept this time around was known as not being kept as a source of food but more of a weed control activity around the coconut plantations and around the homes.

3.5 Consumption

3.5.1 Coconut

The coconut palm is still the single most important tree not only in Niue but other Pacific Islands. Coconut oil derived from the dried flesh of the matured coconut and dried copra are some of the major exports in many Pacific Islands and the primary source of income for many households. However, this is not the case with Niue as producing coconut oil is done in a very small scale and dried copra was a thing of the past. Nevertheless coconut is still very important as a source of food, livestock feed, firewood, etc. Therefore, the census looked at the two main uses of coconuts, that for human consumption and that for feeding animals.

A total of 423 household (91%) were reported to have consumed a total of 7,275 young coconuts per week or 17 young coconuts per household per week.

A significantly less numbered of households (24%) uses 6,696 matured coconuts for human consumption or for cooking. This equates to an average weekly consumption of 19 nuts per household per week, similar to the rate of consumption of young coconuts per household.

The census recorded 302 or 65% of households as using some thirty thousand coconuts for feeding animals per week or an average of hundred coconuts per household per week. Given that 336 households were recorded to have kept any type of livestock, this emphasizes the almost universal use of coconuts as a regular component of animal feed.

3.5.2 Taro

Apart from coconut, consumption of other crops namely taro, green and ripe bananas, cassava and papaya were included in the census. The household was asked to estimate the number of meals each crop was consumed per week in the last month.

Taro is a staple food in Niue. This is reflected in the high percentage (96%) of households consuming taro in the month prior to enumeration with an average number of meals per week in which taro was consumed of 12.

3.5.3 Green Bananas

A total of 311 households consumed green bananas in the month prior to enumeration with an average of 6 meals per week in which green banana was consumed.

3.5.4 Ripe Banana

The number of households consuming ripe banana is slightly more than those consuming green banana with a slightly higher average of 8 meals per week.

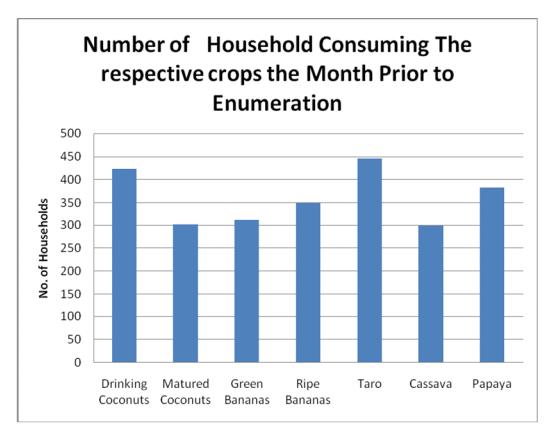
3.5.5 Cassava.

Cassava is another stable, to a lesser extent, source of carbohydrates in the Niuean diet. Sixty four percent of Niuean households were recorded to have consumed cassava a month prior to enumeration, with an average of 5 meals per week in which cassava was consumed.

3.5.6 Papaya.

Eighty two percent of households were recorded to have consumed papaya on an average of four meals per week, in the month prior to enumeration.

Figure 6



3.6 Coconut Crab Hunting.

Coconut crabs are also an important feature of Niuean agriculture and diet. Coconut crab hunting remains to be a subsistence activity of households around Niue. The census recorded 60% of the households engaged in coconut crab hunting, catching over 12,000 crabs in the month prior to enumeration, or an average of 44 crabs caught per household per month involved in crab hunting. Most households engaged in coconut crab hunting by setting up hunting trails (85%) which caught 93% of the total number of coconut crabs caught during the month prior to enumeration.

Figure 7

The national average number of coconut crabs caught in the month prior to the census was 44. The numbers caught in villages of Hakupu, Hikutavake, Liku, Avatele, Mutalau and Makefu were higher than the national average, with Hakupu recorded 19.1% of the total numbers caught.

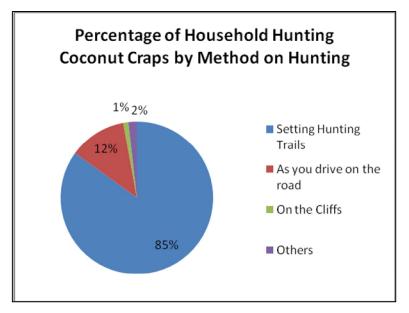


Table 6: Average Number of Coconut Crabs Caught by Households Engaged in Coconut Crab hunting During the Month Prior to Enumeration.

| Village | No. of Coconut Crabs Caught | No. of household Engaged in Coconut Crab Hunting | Average No. of Coconut crabs caught | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Alofi South | 1,221 | 52 | 23 | |
| Alofi North | 646 | 26 | 25 | |
| Makefu | 715 | 15 | 48 | |
| Tuapa | 654 | 19 | 34 | |
| Namukulu | 15 | 1 | 15 | |
| Hikutavake | 710 | 11 | 65 | |
| Toi | 305 | 8 | 38 | |
| Mutalau | 1,043 | 19 | 55 | |
| Lakepa | 278 | 10 | 28 | |
| Liku | 1,078 | 18 | 60 | |
| Hakupu | 2,365 | 30 | 79 | |
| Vaiea | 363 | 10 | 36 | |
| Avatele | 2,027 | 35 | 58 | |
| Tamakautoga | 964 | 25 | 39 | |
| NIUE | 12,384 | 279 | 44 | |

3.7 Fishing Activities

Fishing is another important activity in Niue and 296 households were recorded as having engaged in fishing activity from January 2009 to the day of enumeration. Most of the household were engaged in inshore fishing (62%), 31% were involved in both inshore and offshore with the remaining 7% being involved in offshore fishing only. This showed that fishing in Niue is still more of a subsistence activity as oppose to commercial fishing. Whilst all villages are close to the sea, much of the coastline prohibits easy access to the water particularly along the north and east coast.

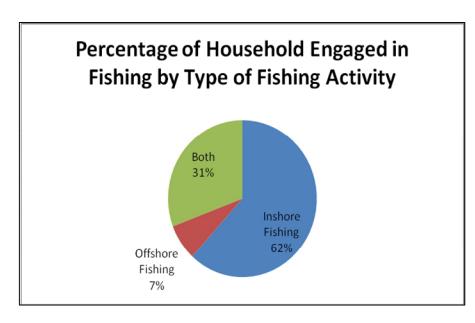


Figure 8

Household participation in fishing activity was very high across the country with only one village (Lakepa) with less than 50 percent participation rate.

Toi had the highest participation rate of 89 percent where 8 out of 9 household were involved in fishing in the last 10 months.

Fishing is male dominated activity as indicated by 64% of persons engaged in fishing are males.

Table 7: Persons Engaged in Fishing Activity Prior to the Census by Sex

| Persons Engaged in Fishing Activity | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|------|--|--|--|
| Total | Female | Male | | | |
| 564 | 201 | 363 | | | |

Fishing households were also asked for the number of fishing trips made in the month prior to enumeration. Vaiea had the highest average number of fishing trips in the month prior to the census which was more that double the national average.

Table 8: Percentage of Households Engaged in Fishing any time from January 2009 to the Day of Enumeration and Average Number of Fishing Trips in the month Prior to the Census by Village.

| Village | Percent Fishing | Average No. of Fishing Trips |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Alofi South | 56 | 5 |
| Alofi North | 63 | 4 |
| Makefu | 76 | 5 |
| Tuapa | 79 | 6 |
| Namukulu | 75 | 4 |
| Hikutavake | 72 | 6 |
| Toi | 89 | 4 |
| Mutalau | 56 | 3 |
| Lakepa | 47 | 7 |
| Liku | 62 | 2 |
| Hakupu | 53 | 2 |
| Vaiea | 53 | 11 |
| Avatele | 83 | 6 |
| Tamakautoga | 66 | 7 |
| NIUE | 67 | 5 |

It must be noted that participation in fishing activities is also very much dependent on the weather.

The census also sought information on the fishing method used. The two most common fishing methods used were hook and line and reef gleaning with 252 (85%) and 210 (71%) households engaged in each respectively. Other fishing methods used were bottom fishing ((3%), Trolling (3%) and fish net and spears each with 2%. (Note that a household may employed more than one fishing methods.)

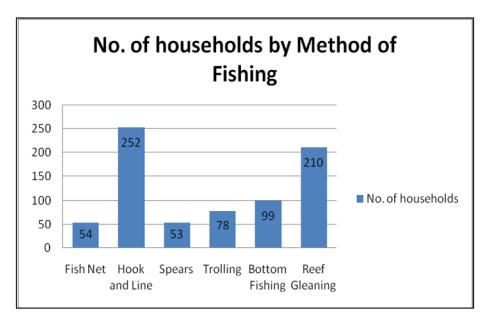


Figure 9

The main purpose of household fishing activity were for home consumption accounting 82% of fishing for households with 16% selling some of their catches with the remaining 2% of fishing households mainly for sale. This is also reflected in the majority of fishing household (80%) who did

not sell any of their catch in the month prior to the census.

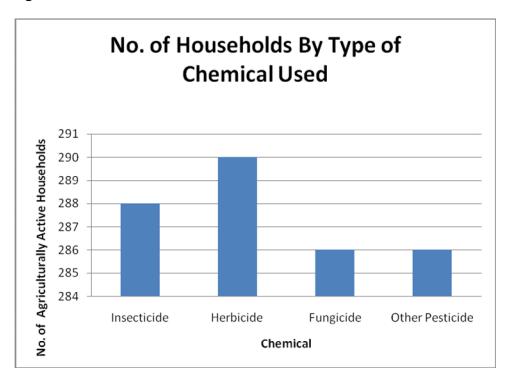
3.8 Fishing equipment

One hundred and twenty six household were recorded to own 130 canoes, 81 dinghies and 89 outboard motors. Thirty four households indicated that they had hired or borrowed a total of 19 canoes, 15 dinghies and 13 outboard motors.

3.9 Agricultural Chemicals

The Census recorded a relatively high number of agricultural active households using agricultural chemicals. However, there was no dominant chemical used as all herbicides, fungicide, insecticide and other pesticide were use by 68% of agricultural households.

Figure 10



3.10 Operators

An operator plays an important role in the operation of the agricultural holding. He/She exercises management control over the operation of the holding. In the Pacific, it is common to be the Head of Household also plays the operators role.

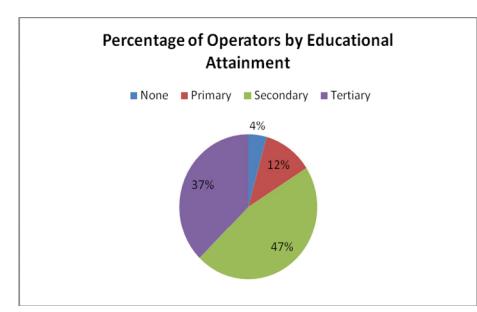


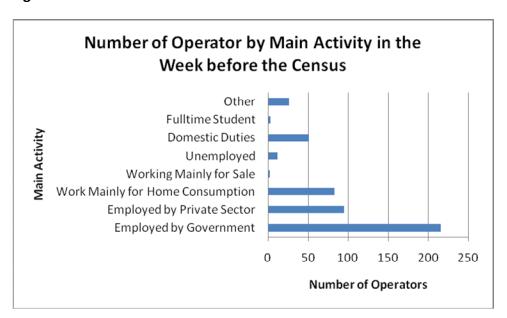
Figure 11

In some cases two persons from the same household may exercise management control on separate part of the holding. Example, the head of the household may be responsible for the plantation (crops) while the wife exercises management control of the livestock. In this case the agricultural holding has two operators.

Some 96 percent of opertors have attained primary education or higher, with close to 50 percent having atttained tertiary education. This high level of educational attainment by operators will contribute to the development of agriculture in a variety of ways.

However, more than half (57%) of operators are fulltime employees

Figure 12



3.11 Labour Input

3.11.1 Household Member

Information on the average number of hours each household member 10 years and over spend working in the holding were collected. Although the majority of operator were fulltime employees, they also spent more hours working in the holding (12hours/week) than other household members who, on average spent 5 hours/week.

Table 9: Household members as Operators and Non-operators and times of working in Holding

| | Operators | | | Non-Operators | |
|--------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Total Number | Total hours/week | Average hours/week | Total Number | Total hours/week | Average hours/week |
| 488 | 5,846 | 12 | 785 | 4,060 | 5 |

3.11.2 Non Household Members

Labour inputs provided by non-household members working in the holding in the month prior to the census in a paid and unpaid capacity were collected from the agriculturally active households. In total, only ten persons were employed in the holdings in a paid capacity with an average wage of \$3.60 per hour and eight persons employed in an unpaid capacity in terms of wages but were all compensated with free meals.

Table 9: Non-household members employed in Holdings

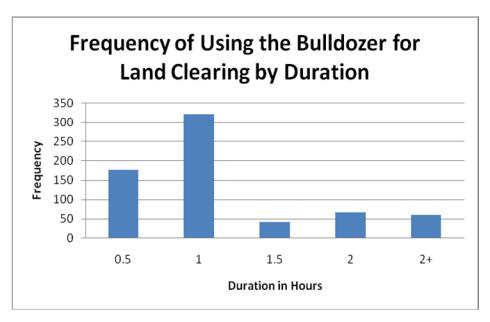
| Methods of Compensation | Paid | Un-paid | |
|----------------------------|------|---------|--|
| Total | 10 | 8 | |
| Monetary benefits | 10 | 0 | |
| free or subsidized housing | 0 | 0 | |
| free meals | 0 | 8 | |
| other benefits | 0 | 0 | |

This indicated that most of the labour inputs into the holding were provided by household members and by other means.

3.12 Land Clearance

The use of the bulldozer for land clearing is still dominant with 64 percent of agricultural households using it. The census seeks information on the frequency and duration of use of the bulldozer which shall provide some estimated of land area cleared in the 10 months before the census.

Figure 13



From the above table, the estimated number of hours the bulldozer was used for land clearance was 600 hours (taking the 2+ hours as 2 hours. With an estimate of one hour plough equivalent to one acre, total land area cleared by the bulldozer was 600 acres.

3.13 Household Income from Agricultural Activities.

Some 77 percent indicated that they received little or none of their income from their agricultural/fishing activity. Eleven percent of households received about a quarter of their income from agricultural/fishing activity; 8 percent about half of their total income; 3 percent about quarter of their

income and 1 percent indicated that all of their income was from agricultural/fishing activities.

This re enforces the fact that, agricultural activity in Niue is mainly for home consumption.

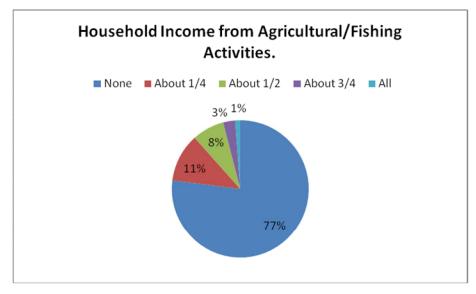
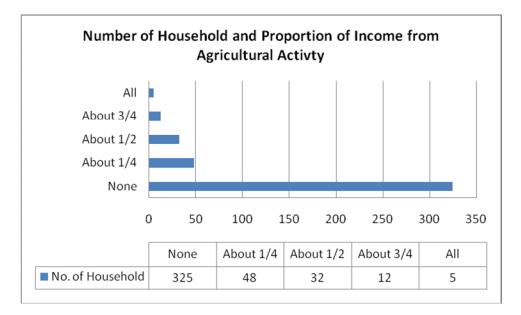


Figure 14

Figure 15



3.14 Location of Households and Holding

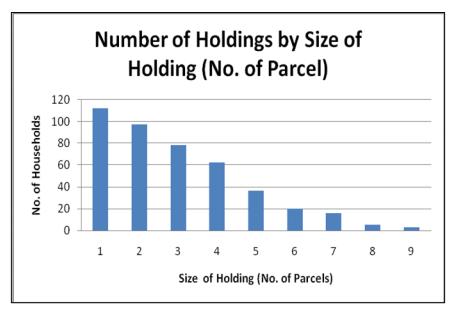
In five of the villages (Makefu, Toi, Mutalau, Hakupu and Vaiea) all of the holdings were located in the same village as the household. In the remaining villages, 1 to 3 of the holdings were located elsewhere from the location of the household.

Since the 'location of the holding' is taken as the village where the major portion of the holding was located, there may be some parcels of a holding located in different villages than where the holding and household was located.

3.14.1 Holdings and Parcels

An agricultural holding may consist of one or more parcels. Almost fifty percent (49%) of the holdings had between 1 and 2 parcels of land.

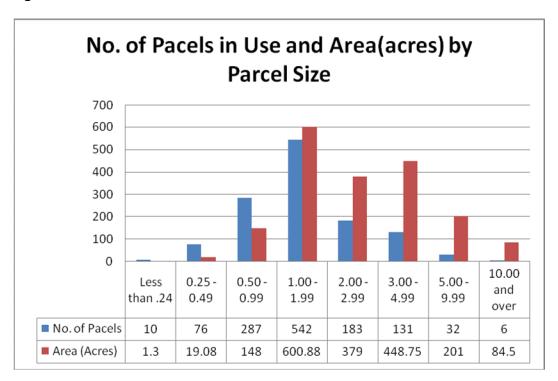
Figure 16



The census recorded 1,267 parcels of land 'in use' with an estimated area of 1,882 acres at the time of enumeration, with about 90% of the parcels were between half and five acres in size. However, parcel size of 1-2 acres accounted for 32% of the total parcel area.

The average parcel size in Niue is about 1.5 acres

Figure 17



3.15 Land Tenure

Most of the land in Niue is classified as 'family own' accounting for 89 percent of parcels equivalent to 92% of the parcel area. Only 4% of parcels were leased with the remaining 7% under 'other' forms of land tenure such as being looked after for families/friends overseas.

3.16 Land Rotation

Land rotation was derived from the information collected about the number of years that each parcel of land had been in 'continuous use'. The census recorded some 715 parcels or 56% of land had been in continuous use for less than 5 years. This in itself indicates that shifting cultivation is still widely practice in Niue. However, the full extent of this practice may be understated for two reasons. Firstly, on parcels supporting permanent crops, the number of years of continuous use is dictated by the age of trees, even if shifting cultivation of short term crops is practice in the same parcel. Secondly, while a parcel is

classified as under continuous use for a number of years, shifting cultivation may have been still carried out between plots within a parcel.

3.17 Parcel Damaged by Wild Pigs

Information was collected on the number of parcels of land damaged by wild pigs. Some 231 parcels or about 18% of all parcels were reported to have sustained some damages from wild pigs. Of the 231 parcels, the reported proportion of damages ranges from 3% of parcels been completely damaged.

3.18 Crop Detail

Information on crops was collected for both crops growing at the time of the census and crops that had been planted 12 months prior to the census but already harvested. This is particularly important to ensure proper coverage of short term and seasonal crops. Thirty six crops were listed in which information on whether they are currently growing, not grown or had been grown but already harvested.

In addition, information on crops grown but already been harvested were collected for each parcel.

To overcome the problem of double counting in mixed crop cultivation, the concept of 'single crop equivalent' was used. That is, the area covered by a crop if it had been grown as a single crop.

The table below summaries the "single crop equivalent area" in acres of the crops with more than 10 acres.

Table 9: Number of Plots by Method of Cultivation and estimated Single crop equivalent Area of major Crops.

| CROP NAME | Plots | | Estimated Single Crop Equivalent Area(acres) | | | |
|--------------|--------|-------|--|-------|-----------|-------|
| | Single | Mixed | Single | Mixed | Scattered | Total |
| Taro | 740 | 73 | 652 | 55 | 6 | 713 |
| Coconut | 89 | 6 | 157 | 6 | 162 | 324 |
| Vanilla | 55 | 6 | 43 | 3 | 5 | 51 |
| Yam | 27 | 41 | 16 | 14 | 2 | 31 |
| Green Banana | 7 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 26 | 30 |
| Breadfruit | - | - | - | - | 24 | 24 |
| Nonu | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 18 |
| Watermelon | 10 | 3 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 13 |
| Kumara | 3 | 24 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 12 |
| Mango | 1 | - | 0 | - | 12 | 12 |
| Cassava | 7 | 29 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 11 |
| Vi | - | - | - | - | 11 | 11 |

Of the 713 acres of taro, (single crop equivalent), 652 were grown as a 'single crop (89%), 55 as 'mixed' (8%) and the remaining 6 acres as 'scattered' plants. In the Case of coconut, the proportions of single and scattered, in terms of single crop equivalent were similar (48 and 50 percent respectively). Yam, on the other hand was either grown as a single or mixed crop.

3.19 Crops Planted in the Last 12 Months Prior to the census and Already Harvested.

As well as collecting information on crops on the ground at the time of the census, the census also sought information on crops grown in the census year but already been harvested. This is particularly true on short term crops.

Altogether, some 57 acres of crops were planted and harvested in the 12 month before the census.

Taro features prominently accounting for 82 percent of the total area of such crop.

Only spring onions and kumara indicated planted and harvested areas of more than an acre. All other crops account for about 4 acres.





Appendices

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Appendix 2 Crop Density Factor

Appendix 3 Definitions

Appendix 4 Copy of Questionnaires

Appendix 5 List of Enumerators and Supporting Staff

Appendix 6 Copy of the Statistics Act 2009







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Number of Plants Planted and Harvested from January 2009 to Day of Enumeration and



Number Sold.

Table 79:



Table 1. Population by Village, Descent and Sex

| Villages | | Total | | | Niuean | | Non Niuean | | | |
|-------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------|------------|------|--------|--|
| villages | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | |
| Total | 1,536 | 766 | 770 | 1,239 | 600 | 639 | 297 | 166 | 131 | |
| Alofi South | 378 | 180 | 198 | 267 | 120 | 147 | 111 | 60 | 51 | |
| Alofi North | 168 | 90 | 78 | 131 | 67 | 64 | 37 | 23 | 14 | |
| Makefu | 60 | 31 | 29 | 52 | 26 | 26 | 8 | 5 | 3 | |
| Tuapa | 111 | 52 | 59 | 97 | 44 | 53 | 14 | 8 | 6 | |
| Namukulu | 12 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 4 | |
| Hikutavake | 49 | 25 | 24 | 49 | 25 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Toi | 24 | 11 | 13 | 24 | 11 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Mutalau | 93 | 45 | 48 | 86 | 42 | 44 | 7 | 3 | 4 | |
| Lakepa | 65 | 32 | 33 | 62 | 32 | 30 | 3 | 0 | 3 | |
| Liku | 85 | 41 | 44 | 72 | 33 | 39 | 13 | 8 | 5 | |
| Hakupu | 138 | 78 | 60 | 132 | 74 | 58 | 6 | 4 | 2 | |
| Vaiea | 81 | 42 | 39 | 24 | 11 | 13 | 57 | 31 | 26 | |
| Avatele | 152 | 77 | 75 | 126 | 61 | 65 | 26 | 16 | 10 | |
| Tamakautoga | 120 | 56 | 64 | 111 | 50 | 61 | 9 | 6 | 3 | |

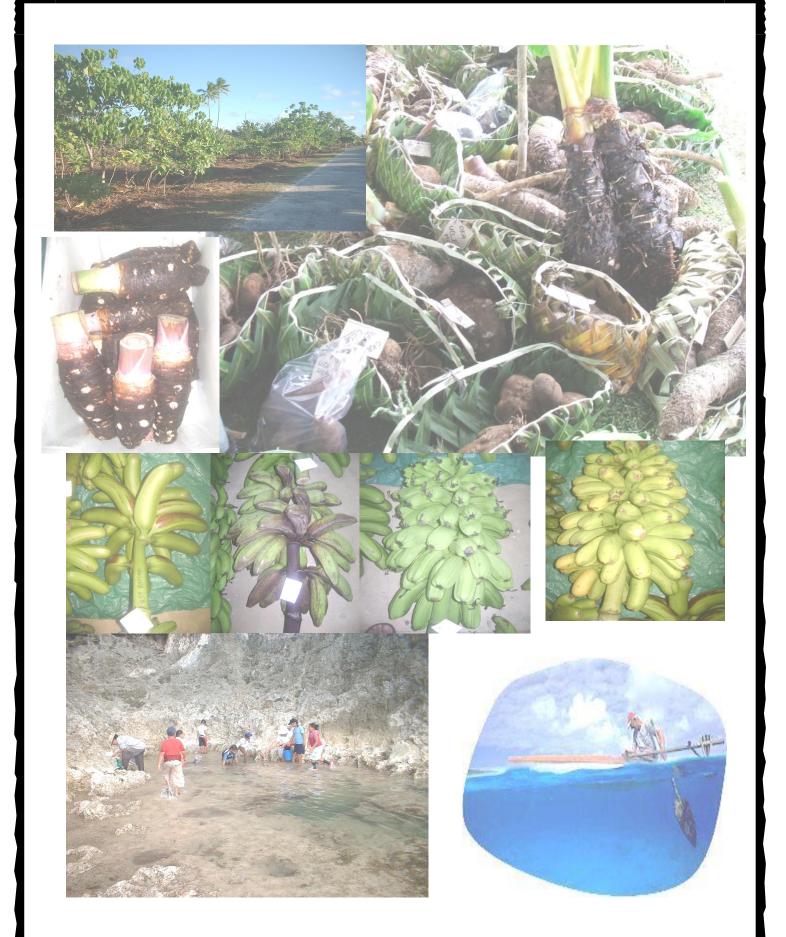


Table 2. Population by Village, Age Group and Sex

| Village | | Total | | | 0 - 4 | | | 5 - 9 | | | 10 - 14 | |
|-------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|---------|--------|
| Village | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| Total | 1536 | 766 | 770 | 121 | 61 | 60 | 142 | 66 | 76 | 117 | 54 | 63 |
| Alofi South | 378 | 180 | 198 | 29 | 10 | 19 | 34 | 17 | 17 | 31 | 12 | 19 |
| Alofi North | 168 | 90 | 78 | 14 | 6 | 8 | 14 | 10 | 4 | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| Makefu | 60 | 31 | 29 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Tuapa | 111 | 52 | 59 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 13 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 3 |
| Namukulu | 12 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Hikutavake | 49 | 25 | 24 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Toi | 24 | 11 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Mutalau | 93 | 45 | 48 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| Lakepa | 65 | 32 | 33 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Liku | 85 | 41 | 44 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 5 |
| Hakupu | 138 | 78 | 60 | 12 | 9 | 3 | 11 | 4 | 7 | 16 | 12 | 4 |
| Vaiea | 81 | 42 | 39 | 18 | 12 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| Avatele | 152 | 77 | 75 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 19 | 8 | 11 | 19 | 10 | 9 |
| Tamakautoga | 120 | 56 | 64 | 9 | 5 | 4 | 14 | 3 | 11 | 5 | 3 | 2 |

Table 2. Continue...

| Village | | 15 - 19 | | | 20 - 24 | | | 25 - 29 | | 30 - 34 | | |
|-------------|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|--------|---------|------|--------|
| village | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| Total | 133 | 86 | 47 | 96 | 43 | 53 | 89 | 38 | 51 | 78 | 41 | 37 |
| Alofi South | 33 | 22 | 11 | 18 | 8 | 10 | 23 | 10 | 13 | 25 | 13 | 12 |
| Alofi North | 17 | 13 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 7 | 2 |
| Makefu | 3 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Tuapa | 9 | 6 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
| Namukulu | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 8 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Toi | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mutalau | 6 | 3 | 3 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| Lakepa | 7 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Liku | 7 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| Hakupu | 16 | 8 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 5 |
| Vaiea | 4 | 2 | 2 | 15 | 8 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Avatele | 14 | 10 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
| Tamakautoga | 7 | 3 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 6 | 9 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 |

Table 2. Continue...

| Village | | 35 - 39 | | | 40 - 44 | • | | 45 - 49 | | 50 - 54 | | |
|-------------|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|--------|---------|------|--------|
| village | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| Total | 89 | 45 | 44 | 103 | 57 | 46 | 92 | 44 | 48 | 106 | 59 | 47 |
| Alofi South | 33 | 15 | 18 | 28 | 17 | 11 | 26 | 9 | 17 | 25 | 16 | 9 |
| Alofi North | 6 | 4 | 2 | 12 | 7 | 5 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 16 | 9 | 7 |
| Makefu | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| Tuapa | 9 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 9 | 4 | 5 |
| Namukulu | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Hikutavake | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Toi | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Mutalau | 6 | 3 | 3 | 12 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Lakepa | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Liku | 3 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| Hakupu | 8 | 5 | 3 | 13 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 6 | 3 | 9 | 7 | 2 |
| Vaiea | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 5 |
| Avatele | 10 | 5 | 5 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 13 | 9 | 4 |
| Tamakautoga | 5 | 4 | 1 | 10 | 3 | 7 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 6 | 3 |

Table 2. Continue...

| Village | | 55 - 59 | | | 60 - 64 | ļ | | 65 - 69 | 1 | 70 + | | | |
|-------------|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|--------|-------|------|--------|--|
| Village | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | |
| Total | 97 | 48 | 49 | 70 | 32 | 38 | 65 | 33 | 32 | 138 | 59 | 79 | |
| Alofi South | 21 | 9 | 12 | 20 | 9 | 11 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 23 | 9 | 14 | |
| Alofi North | 11 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 11 | 14 | |
| Makefu | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | |
| Tuapa | 6 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 11 | 5 | 6 | |
| Namukulu | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | |
| Hikutavake | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 3 | |
| Toi | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | |
| Mutalau | 7 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 14 | 5 | 9 | |
| Lakepa | 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | |
| Liku | 10 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 7 | 2 | 8 | 4 | 4 | |
| Hakupu | 10 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 4 | |
| Vaiea | 9 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | |
| Avatele | 5 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 15 | 6 | 9 | |
| Tamakautoga | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 17 | 8 | 9 | |

Table 3. Niuean Population by Village, Age Group and Sex

| Village | | Total | | | 0 - 4 | | | 5 - 9 | | | 10 - 14 | | |
|-------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|---------|--------|--|
| village | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | |
| Total | 1239 | 600 | 639 | 96 | 49 | 47 | 118 | 50 | 68 | 100 | 50 | 50 | |
| Alofi South | 267 | 120 | 147 | 19 | 6 | 13 | 23 | 9 | 14 | 24 | 12 | 12 | |
| Alofi North | 131 | 67 | 64 | 13 | 6 | 7 | 11 | 8 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 4 | |
| Makefu | 52 | 26 | 26 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | |
| Tuapa | 97 | 44 | 53 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 12 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 3 | |
| Namukulu | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Hikutavake | 49 | 25 | 24 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | |
| Toi | 24 | 11 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | |
| Mutalau | 86 | 42 | 44 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 3 | |
| Lakepa | 62 | 32 | 30 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 4 | |
| Liku | 72 | 33 | 39 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 5 | |
| Hakupu | 132 | 74 | 58 | 12 | 9 | 3 | 11 | 4 | 7 | 16 | 12 | 4 | |
| Vaiea | 24 | 11 | 13 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | |
| Avatele | 126 | 61 | 65 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 18 | 8 | 10 | 14 | 6 | 8 | |
| Tamakautoga | 111 | 50 | 61 | 9 | 5 | 4 | 12 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 2 | |

Table 3. Continue...

| Villago | | 15 - 19 |) | | 20 - 24 | | 25 - 29 | | | 30 - 34 | | |
|-------------|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|--------|---------|------|--------|---------|------|--------|
| Village | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| Total | 119 | 77 | 42 | 72 | 29 | 43 | 58 | 17 | 41 | 46 | 22 | 24 |
| Alofi South | 28 | 19 | 9 | 11 | 4 | 7 | 14 | 5 | 9 | 9 | 4 | 5 |
| Alofi North | 14 | 11 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| Makefu | 3 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Tuapa | 9 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| Namukulu | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 8 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Toi | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mutalau | 6 | 3 | 3 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| Lakepa | 7 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Liku | 7 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| Hakupu | 16 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| Vaiea | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Avatele | 12 | 8 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Tamakautoga | 7 | 3 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 1_ | 1_ |

Table 3. Continue...

| Village - | | 35 - 39 |) | 40 - 44 | | | 45 - 49 | | | 50 - 54 | | |
|-------------|-------|---------|--------|---------|------|--------|---------|------|--------|---------|------|--------|
| village | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| Total | 72 | 36 | 36 | 82 | 45 | 37 | 79 | 38 | 41 | 84 | 50 | 34 |
| Alofi South | 26 | 11 | 15 | 22 | 13 | 9 | 19 | 6 | 13 | 18 | 12 | 6 |
| Alofi North | 5 | 3 | 2 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 11 | 7 | 4 |
| Makefu | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| Tuapa | 7 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 4 | 4 |
| Namukulu | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Hikutavake | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Toi | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Mutalau | 6 | 3 | 3 | 9 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Lakepa | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Liku | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Hakupu | 7 | 4 | 3 | 13 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 6 | 3 | 9 | 7 | 2 |
| Vaiea | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Avatele | 9 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 10 | 8 | 2 |
| Tamakautoga | 3 | 2 | 1 | 9 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 5 | 3 |

Table 3. Continue

| Village | | 55 - 59 |) | | 60 - 64 | 1 | 65 - 69 | | | 70 + | | |
|-------------|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|--------|---------|------|--------|-------|------|--------|
| village | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| Total | 72 | 35 | 37 | 59 | 25 | 34 | 54 | 25 | 29 | 128 | 52 | 76 |
| Alofi South | 12 | 3 | 9 | 16 | 7 | 9 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 20 | 7 | 13 |
| Alofi North | 7 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 21 | 9 | 12 |
| Makefu | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Tuapa | 6 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 3 | 6 |
| Namukulu | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Hikutavake | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 3 |
| Toi | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Mutalau | 7 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 14 | 5 | 9 |
| Lakepa | 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Liku | 8 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 8 | 4 | 4 |
| Hakupu | 10 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 4 |
| Vaiea | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Avatele | 3 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 14 | 5 | 9 |
| Tamakautoga | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 17 | 8 | 9 |

Table 4. Population by Single Years of Age and Sex

| Age | Total | Male | Female |
|-------|-------|------|--------|
| Total | 1,536 | 766 | 770 |
| 0 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| 1 | 26 | 8 | 18 |
| 2 | 34 | 23 | 11 |
| 3 | 25 | 14 | 11 |
| 4 | 31 | 13 | 18 |
| 5 | 35 | 22 | 13 |
| 6 | 25 | 12 | 13 |
| 7 | 33 | 8 | 25 |
| 8 | 26 | 13 | 13 |
| 9 | 23 | 11 | 12 |
| 10 | 19 | 7 | 12 |
| 11 | 24 | 10 | 14 |
| 12 | 30 | 15 | 15 |
| 13 | 22 | 12 | 10 |
| 14 | 22 | 10 | 12 |
| 15 | 24 | 16 | 8 |
| 16 | 32 | 20 | 12 |
| 17 | 31 | 20 | 11 |
| 18 | 25 | 13 | 12 |
| 19 | 21 | 17 | 4 |
| 20 | 22 | 8 | 14 |
| 21 | 27 | 16 | 11 |
| 22 | 12 | 5 | 7 |
| 23 | 20 | 9 | 11 |
| 24 | 15 | 5 | 10 |
| 25 | 16 | 6 | 10 |
| 26 | 17 | 8 | 9 |
| 27 | 17 | 8 | 9 |
| 28 | 18 | 6 | 12 |
| 29 | 21 | 10 | 11 |
| 30 | 21 | 9 | 12 |
| 31 | 12 | 11 | 1 |
| 32 | 13 | 7 | 6 |

| cont'd | | | |
|--------|-------|------|--------|
| Age | Total | Male | Female |
| 33 | 18 | 8 | 10 |
| 34 | 14 | 6 | 8 |
| 35 | 17 | 9 | 8 |
| 36 | 21 | 11 | 10 |
| 37 | 17 | 7 | 10 |
| 38 | 18 | 9 | 9 |
| 39 | 16 | 9 | 7 |
| 40 | 16 | 8 | 8 |
| 41 | 24 | 11 | 13 |
| 42 | 16 | 11 | 5 |
| 43 | 19 | 11 | 8 |
| 44 | 28 | 16 | 12 |
| 45 | 17 | 8 | 9 |
| 46 | 17 | 8 | 9 |
| 47 | 22 | 7 | 15 |
| 48 | 16 | 9 | 7 |
| 49 | 20 | 12 | 8 |
| 50 | 25 | 17 | 8 |
| 51 | 21 | 11 | 10 |
| 52 | 11 | 6 | 5 |
| 53 | 25 | 17 | 8 |
| 54 | 24 | 8 | 16 |
| 55 | 26 | 10 | 16 |
| 56 | 16 | 9 | 7 |
| 57 | 21 | 13 | 8 |
| 58 | 20 | 8 | 12 |
| 59 | 14 | 8 | 6 |
| 60 | 20 | 8 | 12 |
| 61 | 14 | 8 | 6 |
| 62 | 8 | 4 | 4 |
| 63 | 13 | 6 | 7 |
| 64 | 15 | 6 | 9 |
| 65 | 15 | 7 | 8 |
| 66 | 9 | 6 | 3 |

| cont'd | | | |
|--------|-------|------|--------|
| Age | Total | Male | Female |
| 67 | 17 | 9 | 8 |
| 68 | 6 | 3 | 3 |
| 69 | 18 | 8 | 10 |
| 70 | 14 | 8 | 6 |
| 71 | 7 | 2 | 5 |
| 72 | 14 | 5 | 9 |
| 73 | 16 | 6 | 10 |
| 74 | 15 | 7 | 8 |
| 75 | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| 76 | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| 77 | 10 | 6 | 4 |
| 78 | 8 | 3 | 5 |
| 79 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| 80 | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| 81 | 6 | 5 | 1 |
| 82 | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| 83 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 84 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| 85 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| 86 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| 87 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 88 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 89 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 90 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 91 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 92 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 93 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 94 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 95 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 97 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 98 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 99 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | | | |

Table 5. Niuean Population by Single Years of Age and Sex

...cont'd

| Age | Total | Male | Female |
|-------|-------|------|--------|
| Total | 1239 | 600 | 639 |
| 0 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| 1 | 20 | 6 | 14 |
| 2 | 26 | 18 | 8 |
| 3 | 21 | 12 | 9 |
| 4 | 25 | 11 | 14 |
| 5 | 30 | 18 | 12 |
| 6 | 22 | 9 | 13 |
| 7 | 28 | 7 | 21 |
| 8 | 20 | 8 | 12 |
| 9 | 18 | 8 | 10 |
| 10 | 17 | 7 | 10 |
| 11 | 21 | 10 | 11 |
| 12 | 25 | 13 | 12 |
| 13 | 18 | 11 | 7 |
| 14 | 19 | 9 | 10 |
| 15 | 21 | 14 | 7 |
| 16 | 28 | 18 | 10 |
| 17 | 28 | 18 | 10 |
| 18 | 25 | 13 | 12 |
| 19 | 17 | 14 | 3 |
| 20 | 17 | 5 | 12 |
| 21 | 22 | 12 | 10 |
| 22 | 10 | 4 | 6 |
| 23 | 12 | 4 | 8 |
| 24 | 11 | 4 | 7 |
| 25 | 12 | 4 | 8 |
| 26 | 10 | 3 | 7 |
| 27 | 12 | 3 | 9 |
| 28 | 11 | 2 | 9 |
| 29 | 13 | 5 | 8 |
| 30 | 11 | 4 | 7 |
| 31 | 7 | 7 | 0 |
| 32 | 7 | 2 | 5 |

| cont a | | | |
|--------|-------|------|--------|
| Age | Total | Male | Female |
| 33 | 12 | 6 | 6 |
| 34 | 9 | 3 | 6 |
| 35 | 14 | 7 | 7 |
| 36 | 16 | 9 | 7 |
| 37 | 14 | 6 | 8 |
| 38 | 14 | 7 | 7 |
| 39 | 14 | 7 | 7 |
| 40 | 13 | 8 | 5 |
| 41 | 22 | 10 | 12 |
| 42 | 9 | 7 | 2 |
| 43 | 14 | 7 | 7 |
| 44 | 24 | 13 | 11 |
| 45 | 13 | 7 | 6 |
| 46 | 17 | 8 | 9 |
| 47 | 18 | 6 | 12 |
| 48 | 14 | 7 | 7 |
| 49 | 17 | 10 | 7 |
| 50 | 22 | 15 | 7 |
| 51 | 17 | 11 | 6 |
| 52 | 9 | 5 | 4 |
| 53 | 17 | 12 | 5 |
| 54 | 19 | 7 | 12 |
| 55 | 16 | 8 | 8 |
| 56 | 11 | 7 | 4 |
| 57 | 17 | 9 | 8 |
| 58 | 17 | 6 | 11 |
| 59 | 11 | 5 | 6 |
| 60 | 18 | 7 | 11 |
| 61 | 10 | 7 | 3 |
| 62 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| 63 | 11 | 4 | 7 |
| 64 | 14 | 5 | 9 |
| 65 | 12 | 4 | 8 |
| 66 | 8 | 5 | 3 |

...cont'd

| cont'd | | | |
|--------|-------|------|--------|
| Age | Total | Male | Female |
| 67 | 14 | 7 | 7 |
| 68 | 6 | 3 | 3 |
| 69 | 14 | 6 | 8 |
| 70 | 11 | 6 | 5 |
| 71 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| 72 | 13 | 4 | 9 |
| 73 | 16 | 6 | 10 |
| 74 | 15 | 7 | 8 |
| 75 | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| 76 | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| 77 | 10 | 6 | 4 |
| 78 | 8 | 3 | 5 |
| 79 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| 80 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 81 | 5 | 4 | 1 |
| 82 | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| 83 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 84 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| 85 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| 86 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| 87 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 88 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 89 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 90 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 91 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 92 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 93 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 94 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 95 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 97 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 98 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 99 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | | | |

Table 6. Population by Country of Residence, Age Group and Sex

| Age | | Total | | | Niue | | Ne | w Zeal | and | | Samoa | | | Tonga | | Oth | er Pacif | ic Is. | Oth | er Coui | ntry |
|---------|-------|-------|-----|-------|------|-----|----|--------|-----|---|-------|---|---|-------|---|-----|----------|--------|-----|---------|------|
| group | Т | М | F | Т | М | F | Т | М | F | Т | М | F | Т | М | F | Т | М | F | Т | М | F |
| Total | 1,536 | 766 | 770 | 1,466 | 735 | 731 | 43 | 17 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 21 | 10 | 11 |
| 0 - 4 | 121 | 61 | 60 | 118 | 60 | 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| 5 - 9 | 142 | 66 | 76 | 138 | 63 | 75 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 10 - 14 | 117 | 54 | 63 | 113 | 54 | 59 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 15 - 19 | 133 | 86 | 47 | 129 | 84 | 45 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 20 - 24 | 96 | 43 | 53 | 94 | 41 | 53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 25 - 29 | 89 | 38 | 51 | 82 | 35 | 47 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 30 - 34 | 78 | 41 | 37 | 71 | 39 | 32 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| 35 - 39 | 89 | 45 | 44 | 88 | 45 | 43 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40 - 44 | 103 | 57 | 46 | 96 | 54 | 42 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 45 - 49 | 92 | 44 | 48 | 87 | 42 | 45 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 50 - 54 | 106 | 59 | 47 | 101 | 55 | 46 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 55 - 59 | 97 | 48 | 49 | 90 | 43 | 47 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 60 - 64 | 70 | 32 | 38 | 66 | 31 | 35 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 65 - 69 | 65 | 33 | 32 | 62 | 32 | 30 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 70 + | 138 | 59 | 79 | 131 | 57 | 74 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |

Table 7. Population by Country of Residence Last Year, Age Group and Sex

| Age | | Total | | | Niue | | Ne | w Zeal | and | | Samoa | | | Tonga | | Othe | er Pacifi | ic Is. | Oth | ner Cou | ıntry |
|---------|------|-------|-----|------|------|-----|----|--------|-----|---|-------|---|---|-------|---|------|-----------|--------|-----|---------|-------|
| group | Т | М | F | Т | M | F | Т | М | F | Т | М | F | Т | M | F | Т | M | F | Т | М | F |
| Total | 1536 | 766 | 770 | 1383 | 684 | 699 | 98 | 50 | 48 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 15 | 7 | 8 | 33 | 19 | 14 |
| 0 - 4 | 121 | 61 | 60 | 112 | 55 | 57 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 5 - 9 | 142 | 66 | 76 | 125 | 52 | 73 | 11 | 8 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| 10 - 14 | 117 | 54 | 63 | 110 | 51 | 59 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 15 - 19 | 133 | 86 | 47 | 121 | 77 | 44 | 9 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 20 - 24 | 96 | 43 | 53 | 86 | 39 | 47 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| 25 - 29 | 89 | 38 | 51 | 73 | 30 | 43 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| 30 - 34 | 78 | 41 | 37 | 65 | 34 | 31 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 3 |
| 35 - 39 | 89 | 45 | 44 | 83 | 42 | 41 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 40 - 44 | 103 | 57 | 46 | 93 | 52 | 41 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| 45 - 49 | 92 | 44 | 48 | 82 | 39 | 43 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| 50 - 54 | 106 | 59 | 47 | 99 | 55 | 44 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 55 - 59 | 97 | 48 | 49 | 88 | 43 | 45 | 9 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 60 - 64 | 70 | 32 | 38 | 61 | 29 | 32 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 65 - 69 | 65 | 33 | 32 | 60 | 31 | 29 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 70 + | 138 | 59 | 79 | 125 | 55 | 70 | 11 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |

Table 8. Population by Country of Residence and Country of Residence Last Year

| Country of Residence | Total | Niue | New Zealand | Samoa | Tonga | Other Pacific Is. | Other Country |
|----------------------|-------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|----------------------|---------------|
| Total | 1,536 | 1,383 | 98 | 5 | 2 | 15 | 33 |
| Niue | 1,466 | 1,369 | 58 | 5 | 1 | 11 | 22 |
| New Zealand | 43 | 3 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Samoa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tonga | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Pacific Is. | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Other Country | 21 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 11 |

Table 9. Niuean Population by Country of Residence and Country of Residence Last Year

| Country of Residence | Total | Niue | New Zealand | Samoa | Tonga | Other Pacific Is. | Other Country |
|----------------------|-------|------|-------------|-------|-------|----------------------|---------------|
| Total | 1239 | 1140 | 81 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 12 |
| Niue | 1195 | 1134 | 53 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| New Zealand | 28 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Samoa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tonga | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Pacific Is. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other Country | 16 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |

Table 10. Population Aged 15 Years and Above by Main Activity in the Week before Census, Age Group and Sex

| Main Activity by Sex | Total | 15 - 19 | 20 - 24 | 25 - 29 | 30 - 34 | 35 - 39 | 40 - 44 | 45 - 49 | 50 - 54 | 55 - 59 | 60 + |
|----------------------------------|-------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|---------|------|
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 1,156 | 133 | 96 | 89 | 78 | 89 | 103 | 92 | 106 | 97 | 273 |
| Employed by Government | 419 | 10 | 47 | 44 | 43 | 54 | 60 | 53 | 48 | 32 | 28 |
| Employed by Private Sector | 230 | 6 | 29 | 29 | 24 | 23 | 26 | 20 | 27 | 23 | 23 |
| Work Mainly for Home Consumption | 121 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 12 | 87 |
| Working Mainly for Sale | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Unemployed | 33 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 15 |
| Domestic Duties | 150 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 16 | 19 | 73 |
| Fulltime Student | 115 | 107 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 80 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 44 |
| MALE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 585 | 86 | 43 | 38 | 41 | 45 | 57 | 44 | 59 | 48 | 124 |
| Employed by Government | 226 | 10 | 22 | 19 | 23 | 24 | 34 | 26 | 33 | 20 | 15 |
| Employed by Private Sector | 135 | 4 | 17 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 10 | 16 | 12 | 13 |
| Work Mainly for Home Consumption | 69 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 52 |
| Working Mainly for Sale | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Unemployed | 16 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 |
| Domestic Duties | 29 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 17 |
| Fulltime Student | 67 | 66 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 41 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 19 |
| FEMALE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 571 | 47 | 53 | 51 | 37 | 44 | 46 | 48 | 47 | 49 | 149 |
| Employed by Government | 193 | 0 | 25 | 25 | 20 | 30 | 26 | 27 | 15 | 12 | 13 |
| Employed by Private Sector | 95 | 2 | 12 | 12 | 8 | 8 | 11 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 10 |
| Work Mainly for Home Consumption | 52 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 35 |
| Working Mainly for Sale | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Unemployed | 17 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 7 |
| Domestic Duties | 121 | 3 | 6 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 15 | 14 | 56 |
| Fulltime Student | 48 | 41 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 39 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 25 |

Table 11. Niuean Population AGed 15 Years and Above by Main Activity in the Week before Census, AGe Group and Sex

| Main Activity by Sex | Total | 15 - 19 | 20 - 24 | 25 - 29 | 30 - 34 | 35 - 39 | 40 - 44 | 45 - 49 | 50 - 54 | 55 - 59 | 60 + |
|----------------------------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 925 | 119 | 72 | 58 | 46 | 72 | 82 | 79 | 84 | 72 | 241 |
| Employed by Government | 369 | 9 | 42 | 35 | 31 | 51 | 52 | 51 | 46 | 27 | 25 |
| Employed by Private Sector | 131 | 4 | 16 | 11 | 10 | 13 | 17 | 14 | 15 | 13 | 18 |
| Work Mainly for Home Consumption | 105 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 78 |
| Working Mainly for Sale | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Unemployed | 26 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 13 |
| Domestic Duties | 116 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 10 | 14 | 66 |
| Fulltime Student | 106 | 98 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 66 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 38 |
| MALE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 451 | 77 | 29 | 17 | 22 | 36 | 45 | 38 | 50 | 35 | 102 |
| Employed by Government | 198 | 9 | 21 | 13 | 16 | 23 | 30 | 25 | 32 | 16 | 13 |
| Employed by Private Sector | 65 | 2 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 10 | 6 | 9 |
| Work Mainly for Home Consumption | 57 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 45 |
| Working Mainly for Sale | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Unemployed | 14 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| Domestic Duties | 22 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 13 |
| Fulltime Student | 61 | 60 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 33 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 16 |
| FEMALE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 474 | 42 | 43 | 41 | 24 | 36 | 37 | 41 | 34 | 37 | 139 |
| Employed by Government | 171 | 0 | 21 | 22 | 15 | 28 | 22 | 26 | 14 | 11 | 12 |
| Employed by Private Sector | 66 | 2 | 9 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 5 | 7 | 9 |
| Work Mainly for Home Consumption | 48 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 33 |
| Working Mainly for Sale | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Unemployed | 12 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7 |
| Domestic Duties | 94 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 10 | 9 | 53 |
| Fulltime Student | 45 | 38 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 33 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 22 |

Table 12: Number of Households by Location of Household and Level of Agricultural Activity

| Location | Total Households | Non-Agricultural Households | Minor Agricultural Households | Subsistence Only Households | Subsistence/Cash Households | Commercial Agricultural Households |
|-------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Total | 466 | 35 | 9 | 299 | 109 | 14 |
| Alofi South | 117 | 24 | 3 | 81 | 9 | 0 |
| Alofi North | 54 | 5 | 5 | 36 | 5 | 3 |
| Makefu | 17 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 8 | 1 |
| Tuapa | 33 | 0 | 1 | 20 | 11 | 1 |
| Namukulu | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 5 | 0 |
| Toi | 9 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 0 |
| Mutalau | 34 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 15 | 2 |
| Lakepa | 19 | 1 | 0 | 14 | 4 | 0 |
| Liku | 26 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 13 | 2 |
| Hakupu | 43 | 2 | 0 | 31 | 8 | 2 |
| Vaiea | 15 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 1 | 0 |
| Avatele | 42 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 11 | 1 |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 1 | 0 | 21 | 12 | 1 |

Table 13: Number of Households and Numbers of Domestic Animals by Type of Domestic Animal and Location of Household

| - | | | Numbers of : | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|------|------|
| Village | Not Keeping Domestic Animals | Keeping Domestic Animals | Keeping Cats | Keeping Dogs | Cats | Dogs |
| Total | 192 | 274 | 220 | 159 | 515 | 282 |
| Alofi South | 61 | 56 | 48 | 25 | 95 | 39 |
| Alofi North | 23 | 31 | 26 | 18 | 55 | 39 |
| Makefu | 5 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 33 | 9 |
| Tuapa | 14 | 19 | 13 | 17 | 36 | 39 |
| Namukulu | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 6 |
| Hikutavake | 3 | 15 | 12 | 9 | 27 | 13 |
| Toi | 2 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 13 |
| Mutalau | 11 | 23 | 17 | 16 | 40 | 28 |
| Lakepa | 5 | 14 | 13 | 2 | 36 | 3 |
| Liku | 12 | 14 | 9 | 10 | 21 | 16 |
| Hakupu | 20 | 23 | 19 | 14 | 42 | 24 |
| Vaiea | 6 | 9 | 8 | 4 | 15 | 7 |
| Avatele | 15 | 27 | 23 | 17 | 59 | 25 |
| Tamakautoga | 13 | 22 | 14 | 15 | 43 | 21 |

Table 14: Number of Households and Numbers of Livestock by Type of Livestock and Location of Household

| | | | Number of House | eholds | | | Number of | | | |
|-------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------|---------|-----------------|--|
| Village | Total Households | Keeping Livestock | Not Keeping Livestock | Keeping Pig | Keeping Poultry | Keeping Cattle | Pig | Poultry | Total Cattle | |
| Total | 466 | 336 | 130 | 237 | 288 | 7 | 1,743 | 12,018 | 7 | |
| Alofi South | 117 | 70 | 47 | 44 | 50 | 2 | 263 | 1,670 | 2 | |
| Alofi North | 54 | 40 | 14 | 28 | 36 | 0 | 142 | 701 | 0 | |
| Makefu | 17 | 12 | 5 | 7 | 12 | 0 | 75 | 413 | 0 | |
| Tuapa | 33 | 27 | 6 | 20 | 26 | 0 | 150 | 781 | 0 | |
| Namukulu | 4 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 163 | 0 | |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 13 | 5 | 7 | 12 | 0 | 42 | 1,021 | 0 | |
| Toi | 9 | 8 | 1 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 77 | 118 | 0 | |
| Mutalau | 34 | 26 | 8 | 20 | 20 | 3 | 166 | 947 | 3 | |
| Lakepa | 19 | 17 | 2 | 12 | 15 | 0 | 91 | 527 | 0 | |
| Liku | 26 | 18 | 8 | 14 | 15 | 1 | 127 | 775 | 1 | |
| Hakupu | 43 | 32 | 11 | 20 | 26 | 1 | 241 | 1,639 | 1 | |
| Vaiea | 15 | 13 | 2 | 13 | 13 | 0 | 86 | 853 | 0 | |
| Avatele | 42 | 32 | 10 | 24 | 30 | 0 | 209 | 1,382 | 0 | |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 24 | 11 | 18 | 22 | 0 | 68 | 1,028 | 0 | |

Table 15: Number of Households Keeping Pigs by Location of Household and Size of Pig Holding

| Villa | Size of Pig Holding | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Village —— | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 and over | | | | |
| Total | 237 | 121 | 58 | 33 | 25 | | | | |
| Alofi South | 44 | 25 | 9 | 4 | 6 | | | | |
| Alofi North | 28 | 17 | 9 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| Makefu | 7 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | | | | |
| Tuapa | 20 | 13 | 2 | 2 | 3 | | | | |
| Namukulu | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Hikutavake | 7 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| Toi | 7 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | | | | |
| Mutalau | 20 | 7 | 8 | 3 | 2 | | | | |
| Lakepa | 12 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| Liku | 14 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 2 | | | | |
| Hakupu | 20 | 8 | 3 | 6 | 3 | | | | |
| Vaiea | 13 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 0 | | | | |
| Avatele | 24 | 12 | 6 | 4 | 2 | | | | |
| Tamakautoga | 18 | 11 | 6 | 1 | 0 | | | | |

Table 16: Number of Households Keeping Boar by Location of Household and Size of Pig Holding

| Villa a | Size of Pig Holding | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Village —— | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 and over | | | | |
| Total | 111 | 102 | 7 | 2 | 0 | | | | |
| Alofi South | 29 | 25 | 3 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| Alofi North | 13 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Makefu | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Tuapa | 7 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| Namukulu | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Hikutavake | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Toi | 6 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Mutalau | 11 | 9 | 2 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Lakepa | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Liku | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Hakupu | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Vaiea | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Avatele | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Tamakautoga | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |

Table 17: Number of Households Keeping Sow by Location of Household and Size of Pig Holding

| | Size of Pig Holding | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Village | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 and over | | | | |
| Total | 168 | 154 | 13 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| Alofi South | 31 | 28 | 3 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Alofi North | 24 | 22 | 2 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Makefu | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Tuapa | 18 | 16 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| Namukulu | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Hikutavake | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Toi | 7 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Mutalau | 18 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Lakepa | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Liku | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Hakupu | 10 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Vaiea | 9 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Avatele | 19 | 16 | 3 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Tamakautoga | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |

Table 18: Number of Households Keeping Other Pigs by Location of Household and Size of Pig Holding

| | Size of Pig Holding | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Village | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 and over | | | | |
| Total | 150 | 82 | 33 | 21 | 14 | | | | |
| Alofi South | 16 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 1 | | | | |
| Alofi North | 15 | 10 | 3 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| Makefu | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| Tuapa | 10 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | | | |
| Namukulu | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Hikutavake | 6 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | | | | |
| Toi | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| Mutalau | 10 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 2 | | | | |
| Lakepa | 10 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| Liku | 12 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 2 | | | | |
| Hakupu | 20 | 10 | 1 | 7 | 2 | | | | |
| Vaiea | 10 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 0 | | | | |
| Avatele | 12 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 2 | | | | |
| Tamakautoga | 17 | 12 | 5 | 0 | 0 | | | | |

Table 19: Number of Pigs by Location of Household and Size of Pig Holding

| VCH | | | Size of Pig Holding | | |
|-------------|-------|-------|---------------------|---------|-------------|
| Village | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 and over |
| Total | 1,743 | 785 | 349 | 374 | 235 |
| Alofi South | 263 | 164 | 58 | 41 | 0 |
| Alofi North | 142 | 85 | 26 | 11 | 20 |
| Makefu | 75 | 28 | 28 | 19 | 0 |
| Tuapa | 150 | 83 | 31 | 36 | 0 |
| Namukulu | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 42 | 17 | 8 | 17 | 0 |
| Toi | 77 | 30 | 12 | 14 | 21 |
| Mutalau | 166 | 69 | 27 | 18 | 52 |
| Lakepa | 91 | 23 | 23 | 45 | 0 |
| Liku | 127 | 40 | 35 | 52 | 0 |
| Hakupu | 241 | 71 | 21 | 74 | 75 |
| Vaiea | 86 | 40 | 25 | 21 | 0 |
| Avatele | 209 | 82 | 34 | 26 | 67 |
| Tamakautoga | 68 | 47 | 21 | 0 | 0 |

Table 20: Number of Boars by Location of Household and Size of Pig Holding

| Vell | | | Size of Pig Holding | | |
|-------------|-------|-------|---------------------|---------|-------------|
| Village | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 and over |
| Total | 229 | 197 | 32 | 0 | 0 |
| Alofi South | 76 | 55 | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Alofi North | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Makefu | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tuapa | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Namukulu | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Toi | 18 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mutalau | 30 | 19 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Lakepa | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liku | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hakupu | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vaiea | 7 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Avatele | 29 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tamakautoga | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 21: Number of Sow by Location of Household and Size of Pig Holding

| | Size of Pig Holding | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Village | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 and over | | | | |
| Total | 379 | 321 | 58 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Alofi South | 75 | 65 | 10 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Alofi North | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Makefu | 12 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Tuapa | 54 | 41 | 13 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Namukulu | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Hikutavake | 7 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Toi | 18 | 12 | 6 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Mutalau | 37 | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Lakepa | 9 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Liku | 19 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Hakupu | 24 | 18 | 6 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Vaiea | 20 | 15 | 5 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Avatele | 45 | 33 | 12 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Tamakautoga | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |

Table22: Number of Other Pigs by Location of Household and Size of Pig Holding

| | | S | ize of Pig Holding | | |
|-------------|-------|-------|--------------------|---------|-------------|
| Village | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 and over |
| Total | 1,135 | 267 | 259 | 374 | 235 |
| Alofi South | 112 | 44 | 27 | 41 | 0 |
| Alofi North | 76 | 19 | 26 | 11 | 20 |
| Makefu | 57 | 16 | 22 | 19 | 0 |
| Tuapa | 71 | 17 | 18 | 36 | 0 |
| Namukulu | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 33 | 8 | 8 | 17 | 0 |
| Toi | 41 | 0 | 6 | 14 | 21 |
| Mutalau | 99 | 13 | 16 | 18 | 52 |
| Lakepa | 79 | 11 | 23 | 45 | 0 |
| Liku | 100 | 13 | 35 | 52 | 0 |
| Hakupu | 213 | 49 | 15 | 74 | 75 |
| Vaiea | 59 | 18 | 20 | 21 | 0 |
| Avatele | 135 | 20 | 22 | 26 | 67 |
| Tamakautoga | 55 | 34 | 21 | 0 | 0 |

Table23: Number of Households Keeping Chickens by Location of Household and Size of Chicken Holding

| Village | Size of Chicken Holding | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------|--|
| Village | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 - 29 | 30 - 49 | 50 - 99 | 100 and over | |
| Total | 288 | 6 | 17 | 57 | 77 | 52 | 52 | 27 | |
| Alofi South | 50 | 3 | 3 | 9 | 19 | 10 | 3 | 3 | |
| Alofi North | 36 | 1 | 3 | 11 | 15 | 5 | 1 | 0 | |
| Makefu | 12 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 0 | |
| Tuapa | 26 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 2 | |
| Namukulu | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | |
| Hikutavake | 12 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 2 | |
| Toi | 7 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| Mutalau | 20 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 2 | |
| Lakepa | 15 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 2 | |
| Liku | 15 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 3 | |
| Hakupu | 26 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 13 | 5 | |
| Vaiea | 13 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 2 | |
| Avatele | 30 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 5 | |
| Tamakautoga | 22 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 1 | |

Table 24: Number of Households Keeping Housed Poultry by Location of Household and Size of Chicken Holding

| Villaga | Size of Chicken Holding | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------|--|--|
| Village | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 - 29 | 30 - 49 | 50 - 99 | 100 and over | | |
| Total | 15 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 | | |
| Alofi South | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Alofi North | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Makefu | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Tuapa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Namukulu | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Hikutavake | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | |
| Toi | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Mutalau | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | |
| Lakepa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Liku | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Hakupu | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | |
| Vaiea | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Avatele | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | |
| Tamakautoga | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |

Table 25: Number of Households Keeping Free-Range Poultry by Location of Household and Size of Chicken Holding

| Villa - a | Size of Chicken Holding | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------|--|--|
| Village | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 - 29 | 30 - 49 | 50 - 99 | 100 and over | | |
| Total | 284 | 4 | 16 | 59 | 76 | 52 | 54 | 23 | | |
| Alofi South | 48 | 2 | 2 | 9 | 19 | 10 | 3 | 3 | | |
| Alofi North | 36 | 1 | 3 | 11 | 15 | 5 | 1 | 0 | | |
| Makefu | 12 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 0 | | |
| Tuapa | 26 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Namukulu | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | | |
| Hikutavake | 12 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 1 | | |
| Toi | 7 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Mutalau | 19 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Lakepa | 15 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 2 | | |
| Liku | 15 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 3 | | |
| Hakupu | 26 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 12 | 5 | | |
| Vaiea | 13 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 2 | | |
| Avatele | 29 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 9 | 2 | | |
| Tamakautoga | 22 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 8 | 6 | 1 | | |

Table 26: Number of Chickens By Location of Household and Size of Chicken Holding

| VCH | Size of Chicken Holding | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------|--|
| Village | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 - 29 | 30 - 49 | 50 - 99 | 100 and over | |
| Total | 12,018 | 57 | 263 | 1,288 | 2,088 | 2,396 | 3,311 | 2,615 | |
| Alofi South | 1,670 | 18 | 28 | 174 | 440 | 420 | 180 | 410 | |
| Alofi North | 701 | 9 | 23 | 164 | 325 | 130 | 50 | 0 | |
| Makefu | 413 | 4 | 19 | 100 | 40 | 100 | 150 | 0 | |
| Tuapa | 781 | 5 | 5 | 136 | 185 | 250 | 200 | 0 | |
| Namukulu | 163 | 0 | 8 | 35 | 20 | 0 | 100 | 0 | |
| Hikutavake | 1,021 | 2 | 36 | 70 | 20 | 182 | 321 | 390 | |
| Toi | 118 | 0 | 16 | 42 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Mutalau | 947 | 1 | 7 | 104 | 105 | 130 | 160 | 440 | |
| Lakepa | 527 | 2 | 5 | 40 | 120 | 30 | 230 | 100 | |
| Liku | 775 | 1 | 34 | 50 | 110 | 130 | 50 | 400 | |
| Hakupu | 1,639 | 0 | 5 | 119 | 125 | 400 | 790 | 200 | |
| Vaiea | 853 | 0 | 8 | 31 | 110 | 184 | 270 | 250 | |
| Avatele | 1,382 | 12 | 39 | 95 | 281 | 130 | 600 | 225 | |
| Tamakautoga | 1,028 | 3 | 30 | 128 | 147 | 310 | 210 | 200 | |

Table 27: Number of Housed Poultry by Location of Household and Size of Chicken Holding

| Village | Size of Chicken Holding | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------|--|
| | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 - 29 | 30 - 49 | 50 - 99 | 100 and over | |
| Total | 862 | 13 | 28 | 63 | 42 | 95 | 241 | 380 | |
| Alofi South | 9 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Alofi North | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Makefu | 6 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Tuapa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Namukulu | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Hikutavake | 365 | 2 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 91 | 260 | |
| Toi | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Mutalau | 128 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 120 | |
| Lakepa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Liku | 11 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Hakupu | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 65 | 0 | 0 | |
| Vaiea | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Avatele | 275 | 3 | 9 | 41 | 42 | 30 | 150 | 0 | |
| Tamakautoga | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

Table28: Number of Free-Range Poultry by Location of Household and Size of Chicken Holding

| Village | Size of Chicken Holding | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------|
| | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 - 29 | 30 - 49 | 50 - 99 | 100 and over |
| Total | 11,156 | 44 | 235 | 1,225 | 2,046 | 2,301 | 3,070 | 2,235 |
| Alofi South | 1,661 | 15 | 22 | 174 | 440 | 420 | 180 | 410 |
| Alofi North | 701 | 9 | 23 | 164 | 325 | 130 | 50 | 0 |
| Makefu | 407 | 4 | 13 | 100 | 40 | 100 | 150 | 0 |
| Tuapa | 781 | 5 | 5 | 136 | 185 | 250 | 200 | 0 |
| Namukulu | 163 | 0 | 8 | 35 | 20 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 656 | 0 | 36 | 58 | 20 | 182 | 230 | 130 |
| Toi | 118 | 0 | 16 | 42 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mutalau | 819 | 0 | 0 | 104 | 105 | 130 | 160 | 320 |
| Lakepa | 527 | 2 | 5 | 40 | 120 | 30 | 230 | 100 |
| Liku | 764 | 0 | 34 | 40 | 110 | 130 | 50 | 400 |
| Hakupu | 1574 | 0 | 5 | 119 | 125 | 335 | 790 | 200 |
| Vaiea | 853 | 0 | 8 | 31 | 110 | 184 | 270 | 250 |
| Avatele | 1,107 | 9 | 30 | 54 | 239 | 100 | 450 | 225 |
| Tamakautoga | 1,025 | 0 | 30 | 128 | 147 | 310 | 210 | 200 |

Table 29: Number of Households Keeping Cattle by Location of Household and Size of Cattle Holding

| Village | Size of Cattle Holding | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 and over | | | |
| Total | 7 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | |
| Alofi South | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Mutalau | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Liku | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Hakupu | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | |

Table 30: Number of Cattle by Location of Household and Size of Cattle Holding

| Village | Size of Cattle Holding | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------------|--|--|
| | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 and over | | |
| Total | 7 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | |
| Alofi South | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Mutalau | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Lakepa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Liku | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Hakupu | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | |

Table 31: Number of Households using Drinking Coconuts, Total Weekly and Average Weekly Consumption by Location of Household

| Village | | Households | | Number | of nuts |
|-------------|-------|------------|-------|------------------|------------------|
| village | Total | Not Using | Using | Drinking coconut | Average per week |
| Total | 466 | 43 | 423 | 7,275 | 17 |
| Alofi South | 117 | 15 | 102 | 1,099 | 11 |
| Alofi North | 54 | 6 | 48 | 507 | 11 |
| Makefu | 17 | 0 | 17 | 589 | 35 |
| Tuapa | 33 | 3 | 30 | 663 | 22 |
| Namukulu | 4 | 1 | 3 | 25 | 8 |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 5 | 13 | 122 | 9 |
| Toi | 9 | 0 | 9 | 51 | 6 |
| Mutalau | 34 | 2 | 32 | 232 | 7 |
| Lakepa | 19 | 0 | 19 | 430 | 23 |
| Liku | 26 | 2 | 24 | 753 | 31 |
| Hakupu | 43 | 3 | 40 | 779 | 19 |
| Vaiea | 15 | 1 | 14 | 424 | 30 |
| Avatele | 42 | 2 | 40 | 659 | 16 |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 3 | 32 | 942 | 29 |

Table 32: Number of Household using Dry Coconuts for Consumption, Total Weekly and Average Weekly Consumption by Location of Household

| Villaga | | Households | | Number | Number of nuts | | |
|-------------|-------|------------|-------|---------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Village | Total | Not Using | Using | Dry Coconuts for HH | Average per week | | |
| Total | 466 | 105 | 361 | 6,696 | 19 | | |
| Alofi South | 117 | 36 | 81 | 982 | 12 | | |
| Alofi North | 54 | 15 | 39 | 452 | 12 | | |
| Makefu | 17 | 3 | 14 | 376 | 27 | | |
| Tuapa | 33 | 6 | 27 | 535 | 20 | | |
| Namukulu | 4 | 2 | 2 | 15 | 8 | | |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 8 | 10 | 170 | 17 | | |
| Toi | 9 | 1 | 8 | 38 | 5 | | |
| Mutalau | 34 | 6 | 28 | 137 | 5 | | |
| Lakepa | 19 | 2 | 17 | 270 | 16 | | |
| Liku | 26 | 2 | 24 | 1,234 | 51 | | |
| Hakupu | 43 | 10 | 33 | 686 | 21 | | |
| Vaiea | 15 | 0 | 15 | 552 | 37 | | |
| Avatele | 42 | 5 | 37 | 315 | 9 | | |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 9 | 26 | 934 | 36 | | |

Table 33: Number of Households using Dry Coconuts for feeding animals, Total Weekly and Average Weekly Consumption by Location of Household

| Vell | | Households | | Number o | Number of nuts | | |
|-------------|-------|------------|-------|--------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Village | Total | Not Using | Using | Dry Coconuts for Animals | Average per week | | |
| Total | 466 | 164 | 302 | 30,080 | 100 | | |
| Alofi South | 117 | 65 | 52 | 3,397 | 65 | | |
| Alofi North | 54 | 23 | 31 | 3,073 | 99 | | |
| Makefu | 17 | 6 | 11 | 1,780 | 162 | | |
| Tuapa | 33 | 6 | 27 | 2,431 | 90 | | |
| Namukulu | 4 | 0 | 4 | 66 | 17 | | |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 5 | 13 | 589 | 45 | | |
| Toi | 9 | 2 | 7 | 458 | 65 | | |
| Mutalau | 34 | 10 | 24 | 1,834 | 76 | | |
| Lakepa | 19 | 4 | 15 | 1,042 | 69 | | |
| Liku | 26 | 5 | 21 | 3,755 | 179 | | |
| Hakupu | 43 | 14 | 29 | 3,975 | 137 | | |
| Vaiea | 15 | 2 | 13 | 2,085 | 160 | | |
| Avatele | 42 | 12 | 30 | 3,194 | 106 | | |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 10 | 25 | 2,401 | 96 | | |

Table 34: Number of Households Consuming Green Bananas, Number of Main Meals per Week that Household Consumed Green Bananas by Location of Household

| Villaga | | Households | | Number of me | eals per week |
|-------------|-------|---------------|-----------|---------------|------------------|
| Village | Total | Not Consuming | Consuming | Banana, Green | Average per week |
| Total | 466 | 155 | 311 | 1721 | 6 |
| Alofi South | 117 | 54 | 63 | 412 | 7 |
| Alofi North | 54 | 22 | 32 | 215 | 7 |
| Makefu | 17 | 5 | 12 | 24 | 2 |
| Tuapa | 33 | 11 | 22 | 70 | 3 |
| Namukulu | 4 | 2 | 2 | 17 | 9 |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 9 | 9 | 70 | 8 |
| Toi | 9 | 3 | 6 | 24 | 4 |
| Mutalau | 34 | 5 | 29 | 113 | 4 |
| Lakepa | 19 | 3 | 16 | 168 | 11 |
| Liku | 26 | 4 | 22 | 248 | 11 |
| Hakupu | 43 | 8 | 35 | 102 | 3 |
| Vaiea | 15 | 5 | 10 | 27 | 3 |
| Avatele | 42 | 6 | 36 | 106 | 3 |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 18 | 17 | 125 | 7 |

Table 35: Number of Households Consuming Ripe Bananas, Number of Main Meals per Week that Household Consumed Ripe Bananas by Location of Household

| Villa - a | | Households | | Number of me | eals per week |
|-------------|-------|---------------|-----------|--------------|------------------|
| Village | Total | Not Consuming | Consuming | Banana, Ripe | Average per week |
| Total | 466 | 123 | 343 | 2,767 | 8 |
| Alofi South | 117 | 39 | 78 | 587 | 8 |
| Alofi North | 54 | 16 | 38 | 305 | 8 |
| Makefu | 17 | 2 | 15 | 50 | 3 |
| Tuapa | 33 | 5 | 28 | 299 | 11 |
| Namukulu | 4 | 1 | 3 | 26 | 9 |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 9 | 9 | 129 | 14 |
| Toi | 9 | 1 | 8 | 48 | 6 |
| Mutalau | 34 | 8 | 26 | 169 | 7 |
| Lakepa | 19 | 6 | 13 | 176 | 14 |
| Liku | 26 | 7 | 19 | 273 | 14 |
| Hakupu | 43 | 9 | 34 | 104 | 3 |
| Vaiea | 15 | 2 | 13 | 49 | 4 |
| Avatele | 42 | 6 | 36 | 159 | 4 |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 12 | 23 | 393 | 17 |

Table 36: Number of Households Consuming Taro, Number of Main Meals per Week that Household Consumed Taro by Location of Household

| Vell | | Households | | Number | of meals per week |
|-------------|-------|---------------|-----------|--------|-------------------|
| Village | Total | Not Consuming | Consuming | Taro | Average per week |
| Total | 466 | 20 | 446 | 5370 | 12 |
| Alofi South | 117 | 12 | 105 | 1302 | 12 |
| Alofi North | 54 | 2 | 52 | 1060 | 20 |
| Makefu | 17 | 0 | 17 | 80 | 5 |
| Tuapa | 33 | 1 | 32 | 471 | 15 |
| Namukulu | 4 | 0 | 4 | 25 | 6 |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 0 | 18 | 183 | 10 |
| Toi | 9 | 0 | 9 | 51 | 6 |
| Mutalau | 34 | 0 | 34 | 262 | 8 |
| Lakepa | 19 | 0 | 19 | 296 | 16 |
| Liku | 26 | 1 | 25 | 458 | 18 |
| Hakupu | 43 | 2 | 41 | 305 | 7 |
| Vaiea | 15 | 0 | 15 | 148 | 10 |
| Avatele | 42 | 0 | 42 | 255 | 6 |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 2 | 33 | 474 | 14 |

Table37: Number of Households Consuming Cassava, Number of Main Meals per Week that Household Consumed Cassava by Location of Household

| VCII | | Households | | Number o | of meals per week |
|-------------|-------|---------------|-----------|----------|-------------------|
| Village | Total | Not Consuming | Consuming | Cassava | Average per week |
| Total | 466 | 167 | 299 | 1449 | 5 |
| Alofi South | 117 | 51 | 66 | 355 | 5 |
| Alofi North | 54 | 14 | 40 | 231 | 6 |
| Makefu | 17 | 3 | 14 | 37 | 3 |
| Tuapa | 33 | 16 | 17 | 54 | 3 |
| Namukulu | 4 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 6 |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 8 | 10 | 48 | 5 |
| Toi | 9 | 1 | 8 | 21 | 3 |
| Mutalau | 34 | 8 | 26 | 86 | 3 |
| Lakepa | 19 | 11 | 8 | 58 | 7 |
| Liku | 26 | 16 | 10 | 63 | 6 |
| Hakupu | 43 | 14 | 29 | 97 | 3 |
| Vaiea | 15 | 6 | 9 | 72 | 8 |
| Avatele | 42 | 7 | 35 | 113 | 3 |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 9 | 26 | 208 | 8 |

Table38: Number of Households Consuming Papaya, Number of Main Meals per Week that Household Consumed Papaya by Location of Household

| VCII | | Households | | Number of meals per week | | |
|-------------|-------|---------------|-----------|--------------------------|------------------|--|
| Village | Total | Not Consuming | Consuming | Papaya | Average per week | |
| Total | 466 | 83 | 383 | 1636 | 4 | |
| Alofi South | 117 | 31 | 86 | 337 | 4 | |
| Alofi North | 54 | 11 | 43 | 190 | 4 | |
| Makefu | 17 | 2 | 15 | 50 | 3 | |
| Tuapa | 33 | 3 | 30 | 164 | 5 | |
| Namukulu | 4 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 3 | |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 6 | 12 | 46 | 4 | |
| Toi | 9 | 1 | 8 | 30 | 4 | |
| Mutalau | 34 | 1 | 33 | 91 | 3 | |
| Lakepa | 19 | 1 | 18 | 66 | 4 | |
| Liku | 26 | 1 | 25 | 195 | 8 | |
| Hakupu | 43 | 5 | 38 | 152 | 4 | |
| Vaiea | 15 | 4 | 11 | 56 | 5 | |
| Avatele | 42 | 6 | 36 | 149 | 4 | |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 10 | 25 | 101 | 4 | |

Table39- Number of Households by Location of Household and Whether or Not Coconut Crap Hunting in the Month prior to the Census

| Village | Total | Engaged in Uga Hunting | Not Engaged in Uga Hunting | Total number caught | Average number caught per Household |
|-------------|-------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Total | 466 | 279 | 187 | 12,384 | 27 |
| Alofi South | 117 | 52 | 65 | 1,221 | 10 |
| Alofi North | 54 | 26 | 28 | 646 | 12 |
| Makefu | 17 | 15 | 2 | 715 | 42 |
| Tuapa | 33 | 19 | 14 | 654 | 20 |
| Namukulu | 4 | 1 | 3 | 15 | 4 |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 11 | 7 | 710 | 39 |
| Toi | 9 | 8 | 1 | 305 | 34 |
| Mutalau | 34 | 19 | 15 | 1,043 | 31 |
| Lakepa | 19 | 10 | 9 | 278 | 15 |
| Liku | 26 | 18 | 8 | 1,078 | 41 |
| Hakupu | 43 | 30 | 13 | 2,365 | 55 |
| Vaiea | 15 | 10 | 5 | 363 | 24 |
| Avatele | 42 | 35 | 7 | 2,027 | 48 |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 25 | 10 | 964 | 28 |

Table40. Number of households by Location of household and Main Method of catching Coconut Crabs

| Villa | Main method of catching uga | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Village - | Setting Hunting Trails | As you drive on the road | On the Cliffs | Others | | | | |
| Total | 237 | 34 | 3 | 5 | | | | |
| Alofi South | 43 | 6 | 0 | 3 | | | | |
| Alofi North | 22 | 4 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Makefu | 11 | 3 | 0 | 1 | | | | |
| Tuapa | 18 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Namukulu | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Hikutavake | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Toi | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Mutalau | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Lakepa | 8 | 2 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Liku | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Hakupu | 27 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| Vaiea | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Avatele | 27 | 6 | 2 | 0 | | | | |
| Tamakautoga | 18 | 6 | 0 | 1 | | | | |

Table41. Number of coconut crabs caught in the month prior to the Census by Location of household and Main Method of catching Coconut Crabs

| | Total | | Main method of catching uga | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|
| Villages | Number Uga Caught | Setting Hunting Trails | % Uga Caught | As you drive on the road | % Uga Caught | On the Cliffs | % Uga Caught | Others | % Uga Caught |
| Total | 12,384 | 11,482 | 92.7% | 544 | 4.4% | 198 | 1.6% | 160 | 1.3% |
| Alofi South | 1,221 | 1,063 | 87.1% | 58 | 4.8% | 0 | 0.0% | 100 | 8.2% |
| Alofi North | 646 | 589 | 91.2% | 57 | 8.8% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Makefu | 715 | 666 | 93.1% | 39 | 5.5% | 0 | 0.0% | 10 | 1.4% |
| Tuapa | 654 | 639 | 97.7% | 15 | 2.3% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Namukulu | 15 | 0 | 0.0% | 15 | 100.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Hikutavake | 710 | 690 | 97.2% | 20 | 2.8% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Toi | 305 | 300 | 98.4% | 5 | 1.6% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Mutalau | 1,043 | 1,043 | 100.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Lakepa | 278 | 265 | 95.3% | 13 | 4.7% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Liku | 1,078 | 1,078 | 100.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Hakupu | 2,365 | 2,234 | 94.5% | 31 | 1.3% | 100 | 4.2% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Vaiea | 363 | 363 | 100.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Avatele | 2,027 | 1,724 | 85.1% | 205 | 10.1% | 98 | 4.8% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Tamakautoga | 964 | 828 | 85.9% | 86 | 8.9% | 0 | 0.0% | 50 | 5.2% |

Table 42: Number of Coconut Crabs (Uga) caught in the Month Prior to the Census by Location of Household and Size of Coconut Crab (Uga) Catch

| Village | Size of Catch | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-------------|--|
| o o | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 - 49 | 50 and over | |
| Total | 12,384 | 31 | 130 | 510 | 2,830 | 8,883 | |
| Alofi South | ,1221 | 6 | 62 | 97 | 557 | 499 | |
| Alofi North | 646 | 10 | 31 | 55 | 210 | 340 | |
| Makefu | 715 | 0 | 15 | 30 | 90 | 580 | |
| Tuapa | 654 | 0 | 9 | 70 | 215 | 360 | |
| Namukulu | 15 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | |
| Hikutavake | 710 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 175 | 520 | |
| Toi | 305 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 200 | |
| Mutalau | 1,043 | 0 | 0 | 69 | 155 | 819 | |
| Lakepa | 278 | 3 | 0 | 25 | 170 | 80 | |
| Liku | 1,078 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 380 | 690 | |
| Hakupu | 2,365 | 5 | 0 | 15 | 160 | 2,185 | |
| Vaiea | 363 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 105 | 219 | |
| Avatele | 2,027 | 1 | 0 | 39 | 175 | 1,812 | |
| Tamakautoga | 964 | 1 | 5 | 41 | 338 | 579 | |

Table 43. Number of Households by Location of household and Whether or Not in Fishing in the Census Year

| Villa | | Household Engaged in Fishing | |
|-------------|-------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Village | Total | Engaged in Fishing | Not Engaged in Fishing |
| Total | 466 | 296 | 170 |
| Alofi South | 117 | 66 | 51 |
| Alofi North | 54 | 34 | 20 |
| Makefu | 17 | 13 | 4 |
| Tuapa | 33 | 26 | 7 |
| Namukulu | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 13 | 5 |
| Toi | 9 | 8 | 1 |
| Mutalau | 34 | 19 | 15 |
| Lakepa | 19 | 9 | 10 |
| Liku | 26 | 16 | 10 |
| Hakupu | 43 | 23 | 20 |
| Vaiea | 15 | 8 | 7 |
| Avatele | 42 | 35 | 7 |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 23 | 12 |

Table44. Number of Households Engaged in Fishing by location of household by Type of Fishing Activity

| V:U | Household Engaged in | Type of Fishing Activity | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------|--|
| Village | fishing | Total | Inshore Fishing | Offshore Fishing | Both | |
| Total | 296 | 296 | 183 | 22 | 91 | |
| Alofi South | 66 | 66 | 38 | 6 | 22 | |
| Alofi North | 34 | 34 | 17 | 4 | 13 | |
| Makefu | 13 | 13 | 6 | 1 | 6 | |
| Tuapa | 26 | 26 | 19 | 0 | 7 | |
| Namukulu | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | |
| Hikutavake | 13 | 13 | 9 | 0 | 4 | |
| Toi | 8 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0 | |
| Mutalau | 19 | 19 | 8 | 0 | 11 | |
| Lakepa | 9 | 9 | 6 | 0 | 3 | |
| Liku | 16 | 16 | 13 | 3 | 0 | |
| Hakupu | 23 | 23 | 22 | 0 | 1 | |
| Vaiea | 8 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 6 | |
| Avatele | 35 | 35 | 19 | 7 | 9 | |
| Tamakautoga | 23 | 23 | 15 | 1 | 7 | |

Table 45. Number of Households by Location of households by type of Fishing Method

| | | Fishing Method | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------|----------|----------------|---------------|
| Village | Household Engaged in fishing | Fish Net | Hook and Line | Spears | Trolling | Bottom Fishing | Reef Gleaning |
| Total | 296 | 54 | 252 | 53 | 78 | 99 | 210 |
| Alofi South | 66 | 15 | 58 | 16 | 22 | 24 | 39 |
| Alofi North | 34 | 5 | 27 | 8 | 11 | 14 | 22 |
| Makefu | 13 | 0 | 13 | 4 | 7 | 7 | 11 |
| Tuapa | 26 | 5 | 20 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 21 |
| Namukulu | 3 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Hikutavake | 13 | 4 | 11 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 11 |
| Toi | 8 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 8 |
| Mutalau | 19 | 3 | 19 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 16 |
| Lakepa | 9 | 4 | 9 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 7 |
| Liku | 16 | 4 | 11 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 10 |
| Hakupu | 23 | 3 | 16 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 15 |
| Vaiea | 8 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Avatele | 35 | 5 | 30 | 0 | 12 | 13 | 22 |
| Tamakautoga | 23 | 1 | 19 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 19 |

Table 46. Number of Fishing Trips in the Month prior to the Census by Location of Households.

| Village | Household Engaged in fishing | Total Fishing Trips | Average Fishing trips per Household |
|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Total | 296 | 1,441 | 5 |
| Alofi South | 66 | 329 | 5 |
| Alofi North | 34 | 138 | 4 |
| Makefu | 13 | 59 | 5 |
| Tuapa | 26 | 149 | 6 |
| Namukulu | 3 | 11 | 4 |
| Hikutavake | 13 | 74 | 6 |
| Toi | 8 | 34 | 4 |
| Mutalau | 19 | 59 | 3 |
| Lakepa | 9 | 63 | 7 |
| Liku | 16 | 27 | 2 |
| Hakupu | 23 | 39 | 2 |
| Vaiea | 8 | 85 | 11 |
| Avatele | 35 | 219 | 6 |
| Tamakautoga | 23 | 155 | 7 |

Table 47 Number of Households by Location of Household and Proportion of Catch Sold in the Month Prior to the Census

| Vella | Aquatic Product Sold | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----|--|--|
| Village — | Total | None | About 1/4 | About 1/2 | About 3/4 | All | | |
| Total | 296 | 237 | 22 | 18 | 12 | 7 | | |
| Alofi South | 66 | 51 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 1 | | |
| Alofi North | 34 | 31 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | | |
| Makefu | 13 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Tuapa | 26 | 21 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Namukulu | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Hikutavake | 13 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Toi | 8 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | |
| Mutalau | 19 | 16 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Lakepa | 9 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Liku | 16 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 0 | | |
| Hakupu | 23 | 22 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Vaiea | 8 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | | |
| Avatele | 35 | 32 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | |
| Tamakautoga | 23 | 19 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | |

Table 48. Number of Persons Normally Engaged in Fishing Location of household and Sex

| \GU | Persons Engaged in Fishing Activity | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------|------|--|--|
| Village | Total | Female | Male | | |
| Total | 564 | 201 | 363 | | |
| Alofi South | 114 | 36 | 78 | | |
| Alofi North | 55 | 12 | 43 | | |
| Makefu | 34 | 17 | 17 | | |
| Tuapa | 54 | 22 | 32 | | |
| Namukulu | 3 | 1 | 2 | | |
| Hikutavake | 25 | 9 | 16 | | |
| Toi | 17 | 9 | 8 | | |
| Mutalau | 31 | 12 | 19 | | |
| Lakepa | 21 | 10 | 11 | | |
| Liku | 27 | 9 | 18 | | |
| Hakupu | 54 | 18 | 36 | | |
| Vaiea | 11 | 0 | 11 | | |
| Avatele | 70 | 24 | 46 | | |
| Tamakautoga | 48 | 22 | 26 | | |

Table 49. Number of Households by Location of household and Main Purpose of Fishing Activity

| | _ | Main Purpos | | |
|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Village | Total Households | Home Consumption Only | Mainly for Home Consumption | Mainly for Sale |
| Total | 296 | 243 | 48 | 5 |
| Alofi South | 66 | 50 | 16 | 0 |
| Alofi North | 34 | 30 | 2 | 2 |
| Makefu | 13 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Tuapa | 26 | 20 | 6 | 0 |
| Namukulu | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 13 | 9 | 4 | 0 |
| Toi | 8 | 7 | 1 | 0 |
| Mutalau | 19 | 18 | 1 | 0 |
| Lakepa | 9 | 5 | 4 | 0 |
| Liku | 16 | 15 | 1 | 0 |
| Hakupu | 23 | 22 | 1 | 0 |
| Vaiea | 8 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Avatele | 35 | 30 | 4 | 1 |
| Tamakautoga | 23 | 19 | 4 | 0 |

Table 50. Number of Fishing Trips by location of Households and frequency of Trips

| Vella | Number of Fishing Trips | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|--|
| Village —— | Total | 1 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 19 | 20 - 29 | |
| Total | 1,441 | 321 | 195 | 497 | 428 | |
| Alofi South | 329 | 77 | 57 | 130 | 65 | |
| Alofi North | 138 | 49 | 26 | 63 | 0 | |
| Makefu | 59 | 6 | 13 | 40 | 0 | |
| Tuapa | 149 | 25 | 13 | 47 | 64 | |
| Namukulu | 11 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | |
| Hikutavake | 74 | 9 | 5 | 20 | 40 | |
| Toi | 34 | 17 | 5 | 12 | 0 | |
| Mutalau | 59 | 28 | 11 | 0 | 20 | |
| Lakepa | 63 | 8 | 5 | 28 | 22 | |
| Liku | 27 | 18 | 9 | 0 | 0 | |
| Hakupu | 39 | 19 | 10 | 10 | 0 | |
| Vaiea | 85 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 60 | |
| Avatele | 219 | 33 | 11 | 107 | 68 | |
| Tamakautoga | 155 | 25 | 11 | 30 | 89 | |

Table 51. Number of Households Using Inorganic Fertilizer, Organic Fertilizer and Agricultural Chemicals by Location of Household

| | Total Agricultural | Total Households | Type of Fertilizer Used | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|
| Area Number | Households | using Fertilizers | Inorganic Fertilizers | Organic Fertilizers | Agricultural Chemicals | |
| Total | 431 | 422 | 93 | 89 | 290 | |
| Alofi South | 93 | 90 | 14 | 30 | 53 | |
| Alofi North | 49 | 44 | 6 | 14 | 27 | |
| Makefu | 16 | 16 | 2 | 0 | 9 | |
| Tuapa | 33 | 32 | 6 | 8 | 22 | |
| Namukulu | 4 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 18 | 1 | 0 | 16 | |
| Toi | 9 | 9 | 3 | 1 | 7 | |
| Mutalau | 34 | 34 | 13 | 3 | 26 | |
| Lakepa | 18 | 18 | 3 | 3 | 15 | |
| Liku | 25 | 25 | 4 | 3 | 20 | |
| Hakupu | 41 | 41 | 10 | 7 | 32 | |
| Vaiea | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 8 | |
| Avatele | 42 | 42 | 20 | 13 | 31 | |
| Tamakautoga | 34 | 34 | 11 | 6 | 21 | |

Table 52. Number of Households Using Agricultural Chemicals by Location of Household and Main Type of chemical Used

| Auga Niverskau | Total Agricultural | Total Households | Type of Agricultural Chemical | | | |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| Area Number | Households | Using Agricultural - Chemicals | Insecticide | Herbicide | Fungicide | Other Pesticide |
| Total | 431 | 290 | 288 | 290 | 286 | 286 |
| Alofi South | 93 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 |
| Alofi North | 49 | 27 | 26 | 27 | 25 | 25 |
| Makefu | 16 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Tuapa | 33 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| Namukulu | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Toi | 9 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 6 |
| Mutalau | 34 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 25 | 25 |
| Lakepa | 18 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Liku | 25 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Hakupu | 41 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 |
| Vaiea | 15 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Avatele | 42 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 |
| Tamakautoga | 34 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 |

Table 53: Number of Households Owning Fishing Equipment by Location of Household and Type of Equipment Owned

| Village | Number of Household Owning | 1 | Number of Equipment Owned | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|--------|---------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Any Fishing equipment —— | Canoes | Dinghies | Outboard Motor | | |
| Total | 126 | 130 | 81 | 89 | | |
| Alofi South | 30 | 28 | 26 | 33 | | |
| Alofi North | 16 | 17 | 13 | 16 | | |
| Makefu | 7 | 11 | 1 | 2 | | |
| Tuapa | 7 | 11 | 3 | 2 | | |
| Namukulu | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Hikutavake | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Toi | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Mutalau | 9 | 11 | 3 | 2 | | |
| Lakepa | 6 | 5 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Liku | 5 | 7 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Hakupu | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | | |
| Vaiea | 4 | 3 | 6 | 7 | | |
| Avatele | 20 | 18 | 12 | 13 | | |
| Tamakautoga | 8 | 12 | 9 | 8 | | |

Table 54: Number of Fishing Households Hiring/Borrowing Agricultural Equipment by Location of Household and Type of Equipment Hired/Borrowed

| | Number of Household | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Village | Total Household Who Hired or Borrowed Equipment | Borrowed or Hired Canoes | Borrowed or Hired Dinghies | Borrowed or Hired Outboard Motor | | | |
| Total | 34 | 19 | 15 | 13 | | | |
| Alofi South | 14 | 6 | 9 | 8 | | | |
| Alofi North | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | | | |
| Makefu | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Tuapa | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Namukulu | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Hikutavake | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Toi | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Mutalau | 6 | 4 | 1 | 0 | | | |
| Lakepa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Liku | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Hakupu | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Vaiea | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Avatele | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | | | |
| Tamakautoga | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | |

Table 55: Number of Agricultural Equipment Owned, Hired or Borrowed by Location of Household and Type of Equipment.

| Villages | Kna | psack | Whee | lbarrow | Cha | insaw | Gen | erator | Brusł | n cutter | Planti | ng Stick | Rota | ry Hoe |
|-------------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|--------|----------|-------|----------|
| villages | Owned | Borrowed | Owned | Borrowed | Owned | Borrowed |
| Total | 345 | 69 | 242 | 52 | 241 | 43 | 91 | 16 | 476 | 70 | 1117 | 61 | 22 | 6 |
| Alofi South | 71 | 9 | 52 | 11 | 51 | 11 | 20 | 4 | 96 | 16 | 205 | 15 | 8 | 1 |
| Alofi North | 35 | 4 | 32 | 3 | 38 | 1 | 16 | 0 | 55 | 3 | 110 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Makefu | 12 | 2 | 9 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 36 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Tuapa | 18 | 5 | 20 | 4 | 15 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 32 | 5 | 96 | 3 | 6 | 2 |
| Namukulu | 3 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 13 | 12 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 15 | 10 | 33 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| Toi | 10 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mutalau | 32 | 20 | 26 | 20 | 23 | 13 | 10 | 8 | 42 | 23 | 96 | 18 | 1 | 3 |
| Lakepa | 18 | 1 | 11 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 54 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liku | 27 | 4 | 21 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 39 | 1 | 67 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Hakupu | 35 | 4 | 19 | 4 | 15 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 36 | 4 | 138 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Vaiea | 6 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 25 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Avatele | 37 | 4 | 16 | 2 | 21 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 48 | 2 | 118 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Tamakautoga | 28 | 0 | 12 | 2 | 16 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 2 | 105 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

Use of Bulldozer for Land Clearance

| Village | Yes | No | Grand Total |
|-------------|-----|-----|--------------------|
| Total | 271 | 151 | 422 |
| Alofi South | 49 | 41 | 90 |
| Alofi North | 23 | 21 | 44 |
| Makefu | 10 | 6 | 16 |
| Tuapa | 12 | 20 | 32 |
| Namukulu | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Hikutavake | 13 | 5 | 18 |
| Toi | 9 | 0 | 9 |
| Mutalau | 26 | 8 | 34 |
| Lakepa | 6 | 12 | 18 |
| Liku | 21 | 4 | 25 |
| Hakupu | 37 | 4 | 41 |
| Vaiea | 8 | 7 | 15 |
| Avatele | 34 | 8 | 42 |
| Tamakautoga | 22 | 12 | 34 |

Table 57 Number of Agriculturally Active Households by Location of Household and Frequency of Bulldozer Use by Length of Use

| | | Frequency | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|-----------|----------|------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Village | No. household | Half Hour | One Hour | One & Half | Two Hours | More than Two Hours |
| Total | 271 | 176 | 320 | 41 | 66 | 60 |
| Alofi South | 49 | 27 | 63 | 7 | 9 | 0 |
| Alofi North | 23 | 11 | 26 | 4 | 4 | 6 |
| Makefu | 10 | 4 | 15 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Tuapa | 12 | 3 | 13 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Namukulu | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 13 | 10 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Toi | 9 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Mutalau | 26 | 5 | 17 | 12 | 6 | 0 |
| Lakepa | 6 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Liku | 21 | 14 | 16 | 5 | 8 | 27 |
| Hakupu | 37 | 36 | 68 | 5 | 25 | 21 |
| Vaiea | 8 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Avatele | 34 | 34 | 48 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Tamakautoga | 22 | 16 | 30 | 1 | 5 | 0 |

Table 58: Number of Agricultural Household by Location of household and Proportion of Household Income from Agricultural/Fishing Activities

| | | | Proportion | of Income | | |
|-------------|------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----|-----------------|
| Village | None | About 1/4 | About 1/2 | About 3/4 | All | Total Household |
| Grand Total | 325 | 48 | 32 | 12 | 5 | 422 |
| Alofi South | 85 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 90 |
| Alofi North | 34 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 44 |
| Makefu | 11 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 16 |
| Tuapa | 21 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 32 |
| Namukulu | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Hikutavake | 13 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 18 |
| Toi | 6 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 9 |
| Mutalau | 25 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 34 |
| Lakepa | 15 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 18 |
| Liku | 12 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 5 | 25 |
| Hakupu | 32 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 41 |
| Vaiea | 14 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| Avatele | 32 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 42 |
| Tamakautoga | 22 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 34 |

 Table 59: Number of Operators by Sex , Age Group and Educational Attainment

| | | | Total | | | | | Male | | | | | Female | | |
|-------------|-------|---------|---------|----------------------|----------|-------|---------|---------|-----------|----------|-------|--------|------------|-----------|----------|
| | | Educati | onal At | tainmen [.] | t | | Educati | onal At | tainmen | t | | Educat | ional Atta | inment | |
| Age group | Total | None | Primary | Secondary | Tertiary | Total | None | Primary | Secondary | Tertiary | Total | None | Primary | Secondary | Tertiary |
| Total | 488 | 21 | 57 | 227 | 183 | 375 | 9 | 39 | 178 | 149 | 113 | 12 | 18 | 49 | 34 |
| 10 - 19 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 20 - 39 | 109 | 1 | 3 | 51 | 54 | 91 | 1 | 3 | 46 | 41 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 13 |
| 40 - 59 | 224 | 4 | 10 | 122 | 88 | 180 | 3 | 9 | 93 | 75 | 44 | 1 | 1 | 29 | 13 |
| 60 and over | 150 | 16 | 44 | 49 | 41 | 99 | 5 | 27 | 34 | 33 | 51 | 11 | 17 | 15 | 8 |

 Table 60: Number of Operators by Sex , Age Group and Main Activity Last Week

Total

| | | | | M | lain Activity | | | | |
|-------------|-------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|
| age group | Total | Employed by Government | Employed by Private Sector | Work Mainly for Home Consumption | Working Mainly for Sale | Unemployed | Domestic Duties | Fulltime Student | Other |
| Total | 488 | 216 | 95 | 83 | 2 | 12 | 51 | 3 | 26 |
| 10 - 19 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| 20 - 39 | 109 | 74 | 29 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| 40 - 59 | 224 | 123 | 51 | 16 | 2 | 6 | 16 | 0 | 10 |
| 60 and over | 150 | 17 | 15 | 65 | 0 | 5 | 34 | 0 | 14 |

Male

| | | | | M | lain Activity | | | | |
|-------------|-------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|
| age group | Total | Employed by Government | Employed by Private Sector | Work Mainly for Home Consumption | Working Mainly for Sale | Unemployed | Domestic Duties | Fulltime Student | Other |
| Total | 375 | 180 | 79 | 62 | 1 | 11 | 18 | 3 | 21 |
| 10 - 19 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| 20 - 39 | 91 | 60 | 26 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 40 - 59 | 180 | 105 | 43 | 11 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 9 |
| 60 and over | 99 | 13 | 10 | 49 | 0 | 5 | 12 | 0 | 10 |

Female

| | | | | M | lain Activity | | | | |
|-------------|-------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|
| age group | Total | Employed by Government | Employed by Private Sector | Work Mainly for Home Consumption | Working Mainly for Sale | Unemployed | Domestic Duties | Fulltime Student | Other |
| Total | 113 | 36 | 16 | 21 | 1 | 1 | 33 | 0 | 5 |
| 10 - 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 20 - 39 | 18 | 14 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 40 - 59 | 44 | 18 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 1 |
| 60 and over | 51 | 4 | 5 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 4 |

 Table 61: Number of Operators by Sex, Age Group and Paid Job Status

| A = 0 = 10 = 10 | Paid Job | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|----------|-----------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Age group ——— | Total | Fulltime | Part time | None | | | | | |
| Total | 488 | 280 | 56 | 152 | | | | | |
| 10 - 19 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 3 | | | | | |
| 20 - 39 | 109 | 94 | 10 | 5 | | | | | |
| 40 - 59 | 224 | 158 | 32 | 34 | | | | | |
| 60 and over | 150 | 26 | 14 | 110 | | | | | |

Male

| A = 0 = 10 = 10 | Paid Job | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|----------|-----------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Age group ——— | Total | Fulltime | Part time | None | | | | | |
| Total | 375 | 241 | 36 | 98 | | | | | |
| 10 - 19 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 3 | | | | | |
| 20 - 39 | 91 | 79 | 8 | 4 | | | | | |
| 40 - 59 | 180 | 139 | 19 | 22 | | | | | |
| 60 and over | 99 | 21 | 9 | 69 | | | | | |

Female

| A go group | Paid Job | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|----------|----------|-----------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Age group ——— | Total | Fulltime | Part time | None | | | | | |
| Total | 113 | 39 | 20 | 54 | | | | | |
| 10 - 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| 20 - 39 | 18 | 15 | 2 | 1 | | | | | |
| 40 - 59 | 44 | 19 | 13 | 12 | | | | | |
| 60 and over | 51 | 5 | 5 | 41 | | | | | |

Table 62: Average Number of Hours working in the Holding per Week by Operator and Location of Household

Mutalau

Lakepa

Hakupu

Vaiea

Avatele

Tamakautoga

Liku

| Operators | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------------|
| Village | Number of Operators | hours/week | Average hours/week |
| Grand Total | 488 | 5846 | 12 |
| Alofi South | 122 | 1313 | 11 |
| Alofi North | 48 | 482 | 10 |
| Makefu | 19 | 217 | 11 |
| Tuapa | 37 | 581 | 16 |
| Namukulu | 4 | 48 | 12 |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 210 | 12 |
| Toi | 9 | 107 | 12 |
| Mutalau | 38 | 580 | 15 |
| Lakepa | 18 | 141 | 8 |
| Liku | 27 | 272 | 10 |
| Hakupu | 44 | 476 | 11 |
| Vaiea | 15 | 232 | 15 |
| Avatele | 50 | 592 | 12 |
| Tamakautoga | 39 | 595 | 15 |
| Non-Operators | | | |
| Village | Number of Non-Operators | hours/week | Average hours/week |
| Grand Total | 785 | 4060 | 5 |
| Alofi South | 193 | 471 | 2 |
| Alofi North | 92 | 259 | 3 |
| Makefu | 30 | 123 | 4 |
| Tuapa | 53 | 263 | 5 |
| Namukulu | 6 | 30 | 5 |
| Hikutavake | 26 | 34 | 1 |
| Toi | 11 | 65 | 6 |
| | | | |

Table63: Average Hours Worked per Month by Persons Aged 10 Years and Over, Working on Holdings During the Month Prior to the Census, by Paid/Unpaid Status, Age Group and Sex

| | | Total | | | Paid | | | Unpaid | |
|-------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| Age Group | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| Total | 112 | 112 | 0 | 79 | 79 | 0 | 33 | 33 | 0 |
| 10 - 19 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| 20 - 39 | 28 | 28 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 25 | 25 | 0 |
| 40 - 59 | 81 | 81 | 0 | 76 | 76 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| 60 and over | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 64: Average Wages per Month of Persons Aged 10 Years and Over, Working in a Paid Capacity on Holdings During the Month Prior to the Census, by Sex and Age Group

| | Sex | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------|------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Age Group | Total | Male | Female | | | | | |
| Total | 285 | 285 | 0 | | | | | |
| 10 - 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| 20 - 39 | 30 | 30 | 0 | | | | | |
| 40 - 59 | 255 | 255 | 0 | | | | | |
| 60 and over | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | |

Table65: Number of Persons Aged 10 Years and Over, Working in a Paid Capacity on Holdings During the Month Prior to the Census, by Sex, Age Group and Type of Other Benefits Received

| Other benefits | | Sex | |
|----------------------------|-------|------|--------|
| | Total | Male | Female |
| Total | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| No other benefits | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| free or subsidized housing | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| free meals | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| other benefits | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 66: Number of Persons Aged 10 Years and Over, Working in an Unpaid Capacity on Holdings During the Month Prior to the Census, by Sex, Age Group and Type of Other Benefits Received

| | | Sex | |
|----------------------------|-------|------|--------|
| Other benefits | Total | Male | Female |
| Total | 8 | 8 | 0 |
| No other benefits | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| free or subsidized housing | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| free meals | 8 | 8 | 0 |
| other benefits | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 67: Number of Holdings by Location of Holding and Location of Household

| Holding District | Household District | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|-----|-----|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|
| Holding District | Total | Alf Sth | Alf Nth | Mkf | Tup | Nmkl | Hktv | Toi | Mtl | Lak | Lik | Hkp | Vai | Avtl | Tmk |
| Total | 429 | 92 | 44 | 16 | 33 | 4 | 18 | 9 | 35 | 18 | 28 | 41 | 15 | 42 | 34 |
| Alofi South | 92 | 90 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Alofi North | 42 | 1 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Makefu | 19 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tuapa | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Namukulu | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Toi | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mutalau | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lakepa | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liku | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Hakupu | 42 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vaiea | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Avatele | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41 | 0 |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 33 |

Table68: Number of Holdings by Location of Holding and Size of Holding (number of parcels in use)

| District | Number of Parcels | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|----|
| | Total | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Total | 429 | 112 | 97 | 78 | 62 | 36 | 20 | 16 | 5 | 3 | 0 |
| Alofi South | 92 | 41 | 23 | 12 | 9 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Alofi North | 42 | 17 | 12 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Makefu | 19 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Tuapa | 35 | 5 | 11 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Namukulu | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 18 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Toi | 9 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mutalau | 35 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Lakepa | 17 | 3 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liku | 26 | 2 | 3 | 8 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hakupu | 42 | 5 | 7 | 12 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vaiea | 15 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Avatele | 41 | 6 | 12 | 11 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 10 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

Table 69: Number of Parcels In Use by Location of Parcel and Size of Parcel (acres)

| District | Size of Parcel | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|--|
| District | Total | Less than 0 .25 | 0.25 - 0.49 | 0.50 - 0.99 | 1.00 - 1.99 | 2.00 - 2.99 | 3.00 - 4.99 | 5.00 - 9.99 | 10.00 and over | |
| Total | 1,267 | 10 | 76 | 287 | 542 | 183 | 131 | 32 | 6 | |
| Alofi South | 164 | 1 | 26 | 32 | 64 | 17 | 20 | 3 | 1 | |
| Alofi North | 106 | 2 | 3 | 27 | 46 | 19 | 8 | 1 | 0 | |
| Makefu | 68 | 2 | 7 | 18 | 29 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 0 | |
| Tuapa | 101 | 0 | 3 | 15 | 48 | 21 | 12 | 2 | 0 | |
| Namukulu | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Hikutavake | 42 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 24 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | |
| Toi | 30 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 16 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | |
| Mutalau | 130 | 0 | 4 | 33 | 68 | 15 | 7 | 2 | 1 | |
| Lakepa | 52 | 0 | 12 | 8 | 14 | 12 | 6 | 0 | 0 | |
| Liku | 109 | 0 | 3 | 26 | 29 | 22 | 18 | 11 | 0 | |
| Hakupu | 158 | 3 | 4 | 25 | 54 | 29 | 29 | 10 | 4 | |
| Vaiea | 44 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 27 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| Avatele | 108 | 2 | 6 | 24 | 43 | 20 | 11 | 2 | 0 | |
| Tamakautoga | 150 | 0 | 8 | 46 | 76 | 13 | 6 | 1 | 0 | |

Table 70: Area (acres) of Parcels In Use by Location of Parcel and Size of Parcel (acres)

| B | Size of Parcel | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|--|
| District | Total | Less than .24 | 0.25 - 0.49 | 0.50 - 0.99 | 1.00 - 1.99 | 2.00 - 2.99 | 3.00 - 4.99 | 5.00 - 9.99 | 10.00 and over | |
| Total | 1,883 | 1 | 19 | 148 | 601 | 379 | 449 | 201 | 85 | |
| Alofi South | 236 | 0 | 7 | 17 | 73 | 36 | 73 | 20 | 13 | |
| Alofi North | 138 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 54 | 40 | 25 | 5 | 0 | |
| Makefu | 73 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 30 | 14 | 18 | 0 | 0 | |
| Tuapa | 158 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 54 | 44 | 40 | 11 | 0 | |
| Namukulu | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Hikutavake | 51 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 26 | 7 | 14 | 0 | 0 | |
| Toi | 34 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 18 | 4 | 7 | 0 | 0 | |
| Mutalau | 175 | 0 | 1 | 17 | 78 | 31 | 22 | 12 | 15 | |
| Lakepa | 71 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 17 | 25 | 22 | 0 | 0 | |
| Liku | 222 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 33 | 46 | 63 | 67 | 0 | |
| Hakupu | 358 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 60 | 59 | 98 | 69 | 57 | |
| Vaiea | 51 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 31 | 6 | 9 | 0 | 0 | |
| Avatele | 154 | 0 | 2 | 12 | 47 | 40 | 40 | 13 | 0 | |
| Tamakautoga | 156 | 0 | 2 | 24 | 80 | 28 | 18 | 5 | 0 | |

Table 71: Number of Parcels In Use by Location of Parcel and Land Tenure

| | | Land Tenure | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------|--------------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| District | Total | Family Owned | Leased | Others | | | | | |
| Total | 1,267 | 1,123 | 53 | 91 | | | | | |
| Alofi South | 164 | 122 | 27 | 15 | | | | | |
| Alofi North | 106 | 94 | 5 | 7 | | | | | |
| Makefu | 68 | 60 | 2 | 6 | | | | | |
| Tuapa | 101 | 90 | 0 | 11 | | | | | |
| Namukulu | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 | | | | | |
| Hikutavake | 42 | 40 | 0 | 2 | | | | | |
| Toi | 30 | 29 | 0 | 1 | | | | | |
| Mutalau | 130 | 122 | 4 | 4 | | | | | |
| Lakepa | 52 | 49 | 1 | 2 | | | | | |
| Liku | 109 | 105 | 0 | 4 | | | | | |
| Hakupu | 158 | 152 | 1 | 5 | | | | | |
| Vaiea | 44 | 21 | 1 | 22 | | | | | |
| Avatele | 108 | 101 | 4 | 3 | | | | | |
| Tamakautoga | 150 | 134 | 7 | 9 | | | | | |

Table72- Area (acres) of Parcels in Use by Location of Parcel and Land Tenure

| 5 | Land Tenure | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| District | Total | Family Owned | Leased | Others | | | | |
| Total | 1,883 | 1,724 | 50 | 109 | | | | |
| Alofi South | 236 | 196 | 23 | 18 | | | | |
| Alofi North | 138 | 127 | 4 | 7 | | | | |
| Makefu | 73 | 65 | 0 | 8 | | | | |
| Tuapa | 158 | 143 | 0 | 15 | | | | |
| Namukulu | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| Hikutavake | 51 | 49 | 0 | 3 | | | | |
| Toi | 34 | 34 | 0 | 1 | | | | |
| Mutalau | 175 | 166 | 6 | 4 | | | | |
| Lakepa | 71 | 67 | 1 | 3 | | | | |
| Liku | 222 | 213 | 0 | 10 | | | | |
| Hakupu | 358 | 350 | 1 | 8 | | | | |
| Vaiea | 51 | 30 | 1 | 21 | | | | |
| Avatele | 154 | 144 | 6 | 4 | | | | |
| Tamakautoga | 156 | 138 | 8 | 10 | | | | |

Table 73: Number of Parcels In Use by Location of Parcel and Number of Years in Continuous Use

| Build | Number of Years in Continued Use | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|
| District | Total | 0 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 14 | 15 - 19 | 20 - 29 | 30 - 39 | 40 - 49 | 50 and over |
| Total | 1,267 | 715 | 92 | 74 | 33 | 102 | 89 | 61 | 101 |
| Alofi South | 164 | 72 | 24 | 16 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 15 |
| Alofi North | 106 | 59 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 8 | 10 |
| Makefu | 68 | 50 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Tuapa | 101 | 57 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 9 | 9 | 3 | 10 |
| Namukulu | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 42 | 26 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 1 |
| Toi | 30 | 19 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Mutalau | 130 | 82 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 8 | 12 | 6 | 10 |
| Lakepa | 52 | 29 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 6 |
| Liku | 109 | 56 | 14 | 2 | 3 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 0 |
| Hakupu | 158 | 93 | 10 | 6 | 3 | 18 | 6 | 5 | 17 |
| Vaiea | 44 | 31 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Avatele | 108 | 35 | 9 | 16 | 3 | 14 | 11 | 10 | 10 |
| Tamakautoga | 150 | 106 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 9 | 7 | 2 | 14 |

Table74: Area (acres) of Parcels In Use by Location of Parcel and Number of Years of Continuous Use

| 5 | Number of Years in Continued Use | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|
| District | Total | 0 - 4 | 5 - 9 | 10 - 14 | 15 - 19 | 20 - 29 | 30 - 39 | 40 - 49 | 50 and over |
| Total | 1,883 | 1,003 | 149 | 110 | 75 | 170 | 156 | 108 | 112 |
| Alofi South | 236 | 87 | 24 | 24 | 34 | 25 | 12 | 8 | 22 |
| Alofi North | 138 | 62 | 17 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 15 | 15 | 13 |
| Makefu | 73 | 56 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 2 |
| Tuapa | 158 | 95 | 6 | 9 | 3 | 13 | 14 | 4 | 15 |
| Namukulu | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 51 | 29 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 0 | 1 |
| Toi | 34 | 21 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Mutalau | 175 | 99 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 10 | 32 | 10 | 12 |
| Lakepa | 71 | 34 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 8 |
| Liku | 222 | 90 | 29 | 6 | 15 | 29 | 19 | 36 | 0 |
| Hakupu | 358 | 228 | 27 | 9 | 4 | 45 | 13 | 19 | 14 |
| Vaiea | 51 | 35 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Avatele | 154 | 47 | 15 | 28 | 6 | 15 | 25 | 8 | 9 |
| Tamakautoga | 156 | 119 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 11 |

Table 75: Number of Parcels Damaged by Wild Pigs by Location of Parcel

| | Proportions of Crops Damaged by Wild Pigs | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| District | Total | None | 1/4 | 1/2 | 3/4 | All | | |
| Total | 1,267 | 1,036 | 151 | 57 | 16 | 7 | | |
| Alofi South | 164 | 147 | 14 | 3 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Alofi North | 106 | 85 | 9 | 9 | 0 | 3 | | |
| Makefu | 68 | 65 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | |
| Tuapa | 101 | 73 | 16 | 6 | 6 | 0 | | |
| Namukulu | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Hikutavake | 42 | 23 | 16 | 2 | 0 | 1 | | |
| Toi | 30 | 22 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Mutalau | 130 | 100 | 18 | 10 | 2 | 0 | | |
| Lakepa | 52 | 46 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Liku | 109 | 77 | 15 | 12 | 4 | 1 | | |
| Hakupu | 158 | 128 | 22 | 6 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Vaiea | 44 | 40 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Avatele | 108 | 82 | 20 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | |
| Tamakautoga | 150 | 143 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | | |

Crop Status Code

| Crops | Total | Not Grown in 2009 | Currently Growing | Not Grow Now But Grown During 2009 |
|-----------------|-------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Cassava | 332 | 62 | 262 | 8 |
| Kape | 186 | 105 | 81 | 0 |
| Kava | 120 | 111 | 9 | 0 |
| Kumara | 279 | 79 | 189 | 11 |
| Taro | 353 | 27 | 324 | 2 |
| Taro Pulaka | 204 | 107 | 92 | 5 |
| Yam | 312 | 58 | 251 | 3 |
| Bean | 140 | 105 | 30 | 5 |
| Chinese Cabbage | 174 | 102 | 56 | 16 |
| Corn | 263 | 81 | 163 | 19 |
| Cucumber | 249 | 87 | 140 | 22 |
| Egg Plant | 138 | 113 | 22 | 3 |
| Head Cabbage | 151 | 110 | 36 | 5 |
| Lettuce | 138 | 109 | 21 | 8 |
| Pele | 310 | 31 | 270 | 9 |
| Pineapple | 152 | 97 | 52 | 3 |
| Pumpkin | 173 | 96 | 71 | 6 |
| Spring Onions | 332 | 43 | 285 | 4 |
| Tomato | 286 | 80 | 191 | 15 |
| Watermelon | 249 | 130 | 106 | 13 |
| Avocado | 224 | 52 | 166 | 6 |
| Banana Ripe | 286 | 60 | 218 | 8 |
| Banana. Green | 382 | 12 | 359 | 11 |
| Bread Fruit | 332 | 41 | 287 | 4 |
| Soursop | 107 | 52 | 54 | 1 |
| Grapefruit | 134 | 105 | 28 | 1 |
| Fekakai | 181 | 85 | 95 | 1 |
| Lemon | 144 | 94 | 49 | 1 |
| Lime | 234 | 50 | 182 | 2 |
| Mango | 274 | 42 | 231 | 1 |
| Nonu | 220 | 46 | 170 | 4 |
| Orange | 135 | 89 | 45 | 1 |
| Papaya | 357 | 16 | 335 | 6 |
| Passionfruit | 185 | 70 | 113 | 2 |
| Vanilla | 196 | 73 | 123 | 0 |
| Vi | 303 | 36 | 265 | 2 |
| Coconut | 396 | 5 | 386 | 5 |
| Chestnut(ifi) | 80 | 9 | 71 | 0 |
| Sugar Cane | 36 | 10 | 26 | 0 |
| Chilies | 39 | 7 | 31 | 1 |
| Tava | 42 | 4 | 38 | 0 |

| Ai/Foto | 18 | 4 | 14 | 0 |
|------------|----|---|----|---|
| Sefito | 12 | 5 | 7 | 0 |
| Luku | 13 | 5 | 8 | 0 |
| Coffee | 15 | 7 | 8 | 0 |
| Saladia | 8 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| Sinapi | 41 | 6 | 34 | 1 |
| Silverbeet | 8 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| Polofua | 11 | 6 | 5 | 0 |
| Others NEC | 78 | 7 | 70 | 1 |

Table 76:Number of agricultural Household by Crop, Crop status and crop Use (cont'd)

Crop Use code

| Crops | Mainly grown for Home Consumption | Mainly grown for sale | Partly grown for home consumption and partly for sale |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Cassava | 321 | 3 | 8 |
| Kape | 181 | 2 | 3 |
| Kava | 119 | 0 | 1 |
| Kumara | 265 | 4 | 10 |
| Taro | 293 | 3 | 57 |
| Taro Pulaka | 195 | 1 | 8 |
| Yam | 289 | 1 | 22 |
| Bean | 137 | 2 | 1 |
| Chinese Cabbage | 166 | 2 | 6 |
| Corn | 249 | 2 | 12 |
| Cucumber | 228 | 4 | 17 |
| Egg Plant | 132 | 1 | 5 |
| Head Cabbage | 142 | 3 | 6 |
| Lettuce | 131 | 2 | 5 |
| Pele | 304 | 1 | 5 |
| Pineapple | 148 | 0 | 4 |
| Pumpkin | 164 | 2 | 7 |
| Spring Onions | 304 | 2 | 26 |
| Tomato | 257 | 5 | 24 |
| Watermelon | 228 | 3 | 18 |
| Avocado | 217 | 4 | 3 |
| Banana Ripe | 280 | 0 | 6 |
| Banana. Green | 360 | 3 | 19 |
| Bread Fruit | 329 | 1 | 2 |
| Soursop | 106 | 0 | 1 |
| Grapefruit | 133 | 0 | 1 |
| Fekakai | 178 | 1 | 2 |
| Lemon | 142 | 0 | 2 |
| Lime | 229 | 1 | 4 |

| Mango | 269 | 1 | 4 |
|---------------|-----|----|----|
| Nonu | 207 | 9 | 4 |
| Orange | 135 | 0 | 0 |
| Papaya | 343 | 5 | 9 |
| Passionfruit | 179 | 1 | 5 |
| Vanilla | 157 | 31 | 8 |
| Vi | 297 | 2 | 4 |
| Coconut | 375 | 1 | 20 |
| Chestnut(ifi) | 79 | 0 | 1 |
| Sugar Cane | 35 | 0 | 1 |
| Chilies | 36 | 2 | 1 |
| Tava | 41 | 0 | 1 |
| Ai/Foto | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| Sefito | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| Luku | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Coffee | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Saladia | 7 | 0 | 1 |
| Sinapi | 39 | 0 | 2 |
| Silverbeet | 7 | 0 | 1 |
| Polofua | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Others NEC | 73 | 1 | 4 |
| | | | |

Table 77: Number of Plots Waiting to be Planted and Fallow Land in Parcels In Use by Area and Location of Household

| Location of Parcel - | Num | Area (acres) | | | | |
|----------------------|-------|--------------|----------|-------|--------|----------|
| Village | Total | Fallow | New plot | Total | Fallow | New plot |
| Total | 410 | 202 | 117 | 354 | 183 | 118 |
| Alofi South | 61 | 25 | 10 | 46 | 20 | 11 |
| Alofi North | 20 | 15 | 3 | 13 | 11 | 2 |
| Makefu | 15 | 4 | 9 | 13 | 5 | 8 |
| Tuapa | 52 | 23 | 7 | 32 | 22 | 7 |
| Namukulu | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Hikutavake | 7 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| Toi | 8 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| Mutalau | 40 | 22 | 7 | 25 | 13 | 6 |
| Lakepa | 17 | 8 | 8 | 14 | 4 | 7 |
| Liku | 37 | 32 | 2 | 54 | 42 | 5 |
| Hakupu | 74 | 41 | 23 | 83 | 47 | 32 |
| Vaiea | 6 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Avatele | 35 | 15 | 17 | 28 | 12 | 17 |
| Tamakautoga | 35 | 7 | 26 | 31 | 5 | 23 |
| | | | | | | |

Table 78 Number of Plots and Estimated Single Crop Equivalent by Method of Cultivation by Location of Household

| Crop name | Plots | S | Estimated Single Crop Equivalent Area (acres) | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|--------|---|-------|-----------|-------|--|
| | Single | Mixed | Single | Mixed | Scattered | Total | |
| Grand Total | 1,020 | 200 | 917 | 96 | 312 | 1,326 | |
| TARO | 740 | 73 | 652 | 55 | 6 | 713 | |
| COCONUT | 89 | 6 | 157 | 6 | 162 | 324 | |
| VANILLA | 55 | 6 | 43 | 3 | 5 | 51 | |
| YAM | 27 | 41 | 16 | 14 | 2 | 31 | |
| GREEN BANANA | 7 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 26 | 30 | |
| BREADFRUIT | - | - | - | - | 24 | 24 | |
| NONU | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 18 | |
| OTHERS NEC | 17 | 2 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 16 | |
| WATERMELON | 10 | 3 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 13 | |
| KUMARA | 3 | 24 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 12 | |
| MANGO | 1 | | 0 | - | 12 | 12 | |
| CASSAVA | 7 | 29 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 11 | |
| VI | <u>-</u> | - | - | - | _ 11 | 11 | |
| CHESTNUT | 1 | _ | 1 | _ | 6 | 7 | |
| AVOCADO | · - | _ | - | _ | 7 | 7 | |
| RIPE BANANA | _ | _ | _ | _ | 6 | 6 | |
| PAPAYA | 4 | _ | 0 | _ | 4 | 5 | |
| PASSIONFRUIT | 2 | _ | 0 | _ | 3 | 4 | |
| CHINESE CABBAGE | 9 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | |
| FEKAKAI | 1 | - | 0 | - | 3 | 3 | |
| LIME | 1 | _ | 1 | _ | 2 | 2 | |
| SOURSOUP | ' - | _ | | _ | 2 | 2 | |
| COFFEE | _ | _ | _ | _ | 2 | 2 | |
| ORANGE | 4 | - | - 1 | - | 1 | 2 | |
| CORN | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | |
| SPRING ONIONS | 4 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | |
| TARO PULAKA | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | |
| BEAN | 5 | - | 1 | - | 0 | 1 | |
| TAVA | - | _ | · - | _ | 1 | 1 | |
| SALADIA | 3 | _ | 1 | _ | 0 | 1 | |
| KAVA | 1 | - | 1 | _ | 0 | 1 | |
| LEMON | 1 | _ | ' | _ | 1 | 1 | |
| KAPE | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | |
| AI/FOTO | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | |
| TOMATO | 4 | - 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| LETTUCE | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| PINEAPPLE | 2 | ' | 0 | U | 0 | 0 | |
| SINAPI | 2 | - | U | - | 0 | 0 | |
| SUGAR CANE | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | |
| CUCUMBER | - | - | - | - | | | |
| SILVERBEET | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 1 | - | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | |
| PELE | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | |
| GRAPEFRUIT | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | |
| CHILLIES | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | |
| HEAD CABBAGE | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| EGG PLANT | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| POLOFUA | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | |
| LUKU | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | |
| PUMPKIN | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | |
| SEFITO | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | |
| GUAVA | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | |

Note: o indicates the area is less than half the area employed

Table 79: Number of Plants Planted and Harvested from January 2009 to Day of Enumeration and Number sold

| NAME OF CROP | Number Planted and Harvested | Number Sold | Not Sold | Not Stated | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------|----------|------------|--|
| TARO | 226,987 | 54,164 | 170,774 | 2,049 | |
| SPRING ONIONS | 4,499 | 954 | 3,490 | 55 | |
| CORN | 3,862 | 452 | 3,355 | 55 | |
| CASSAVA | 3,410 | 77 | 3,287 | 46 | |
| YAM | 3,042 | 1,060 | 1,936 | 46 | |
| KUMARA | 2,321 | 923 | 1,358 | 40 | |
| TOMATO | 2,191 | 1,008 | 1,173 | 10 | |
| GREEN BANANA | 2,054 | 343 | 1,604 | 107 | |
| CHINESE CABBAGE | 1,663 | 337 | 1,326 | - | |
| LETTUCE | 980 | 847 | 123 | 10 | |
| PELE | 934 | 13 | 872 | 49 | |
| SINAPI | 833 | 63 | 770 | - | |
| WATERMELON | 803 | 571 | 232 | - | |
| OTHERS NEC | 787 | 216 | 571 | - | |
| CUCUMBER | 672 | 251 | 421 | - | |
| HEAD CABBAGE | 509 | 296 | 208 | 5 | |
| BANANA RIPE | 424 | 15 | 389 | 20 | |
| BEAN | 298 | 128 | 170 | - | |
| TARO PULAKA | 212 | 16 | 196 | - | |
| SALADIA | 153 | 113 | 40 | - | |
| SILVERBEET | 140 | 25 | 115 | - | |
| CHILLIES | 133 | 72 | 61 | - | |
| PINEAPPLE | 96 | 63 | 25 | 8 | |
| PUMPKIN | 95 | 9 | 82 | 4 | |
| POLOFUA | 90 | 50 | 40 | - | |
| EGG PLANT | 77 | 55 | 22 | - | |
| KAPE | 74 | 3 | 71 | - | |
| SUGAR CANE | 47 | 5 | 42 | - | |
| SEFITO | 11 | 0 | 11 | - | |

Appendix 2: Crop Density Factor

| Name of Crop | Crop Code | Density Factor: No Trees/Acre |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Cassava | 1 | 4,840 |
| Kape | 2 | 833 |
| Kava | 3 | 4,840 |
| Kumara | 4 | 4,840 |
| Taro | 5 | 4,840 |
| Taro Pulaka | 6 | 4,840 |
| Yam | 7 | 4,840 |
| Bean | 8 | 27,000 |
| Chinese Cabbage | 9 | 10,125 |
| Corn | 10 | 10,125 |
| Cucumber | 11 | 10,125 |
| Egg Plant | 12 | 10,125 |
| Head Cabbage | 13 | 10,125 |
| Lettuce | 14 | 10,125 |
| Pele | 15 | 10,125 |
| Pineapple | 16 | 10,800 |
| Pumpkin | 17 | 10,125 |
| Spring Onions | 18 | 27,000 |
| Tomato | 19 | 10,125 |
| Watermelon | 20 | 1,095 |
| Avocado | 21 | 48 |
| Banana, Ripe | 22 | 302 |
| Banana, Green | 23 | 302 |
| Breadfruit | 24 | 48 |
| Soursop | 25 | 134 |

| Name of Crop | Crop Code | Density Factor: No Trees/Acre |
|----------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Grapefruit | 26 | 193 |
| Fekakai | 27 | 48 |
| Lemon | 28 | 193 |
| Lime | 29 | 193 |
| Mango | 30 | 48 |
| Nonu | 31 | 100 |
| Orange | 32 | 193 |
| Papaya | 33 | 833 |
| Passionfruit | 34 | 100 |
| Vanilla | 35 | 405 |
| Vi | 36 | 48 |
| Coconut | 37 | 64 |
| Chestnut (ifi) | 38 | 48 |
| Sugar cane | 39 | 833 |
| Chillies | 40 | 833 |
| Tava | 41 | 48 |
| Ai /Foto | 42 | 48 |
| Sefito | 43 | 4,840 |
| Luku | 44 | 10,125 |
| Coffee | 45 | 100 |
| Saladia | 46 | 10,125 |
| Sinapi | 47 | 10,125 |
| silverbeet | 48 | 10,125 |
| polofua | 49 | 10,125 |
| Others NEC | 50 | 10,125 |

Appendix 3: Concepts, Definitions and some Explanations.

Household

Population census Definition - One or more persons that live together and have their meals together.

Note that:

- ◆ Just one person, living on his own and looking after himself/herself would be considered a household.
- Usually a household will occupy one building but in a few cases two or even more households may share one building. For example, four households living in an apartment building containing four apartments.
- ♦ Alternatively, one household can occupy more than one building . A family will normally <u>not be</u> one household but would be composed of several households.

Head of Household

The person who is considered to be the head by the members of a household, that is, all persons living in the household.

Holding

An agricultural holding is an economic unit of agricultural production under single management comprising of all livestock kept an all land used wholly or partly for agricultural production purposes, without regard to title, legal form or size. Single management may be exercised by an individual or household, jointly by two or more individuals or households by a clan, or tribe or by a juridical person such as corporation, cooperative or government agency.

The holdings land may consist of one or more parcels, located in one or more separate areas or in one or more enumeration areas, provided the parcels share the same production means utilized by the holding such as labor, farm buildings or machinery.

Operator

An operator of agricultural holding is the person who exercises management control over the operation of the agricultural holding. Where a single household is operating the holding, the head of the household in most cases is the operator but if two people in the household (husband and wife) make joint decisions on the management of eth holding, both should be recorded as operators.. A holding can also be operated as a partnership or some other form of joint operation between different households. In some cases the operator is not necessarily the head of the household, or the owner of the place, he/she may be a member of the owner household, a hired manager, a tenant or a renter, a person who operates customary land as assigned to him/her by his leveki magafaoa or a person who operates the land under government permit.

Parcel

A holding parcel is any piece of land entirely surrounded by other land, water, road, forest etc., and not forming part of this holding. A parcel may consist of one or more fields adjacent to each other. In other words a parcel is a contiguous piece of land in a holding. The entire land of the holding may consist of one or more than one parcel.

Plot

A plot is a part or whole of a parcel on which a specific crop or crop mixture is cultivated. A plot can also be a fallow land or land ready for planting or bush plot or plot under other use like homestead.

Institution

An institution is an organization providing a specific service or performing some general public function for a group of individuals such a prison, hospital, hotel, church boarding school etc.

Land Tenure

Land Tenure refers to arrangements or rights under which the holder holds or uses holding land.

Level of Agricultural Activity

- 1. Non-Agricultural. The household does not engage in any crop production. Such households may own or look after land NOT IN USE and also own or look after livestock.
- 2. Minor Agricultural Activity. The household has only very few crops defined as less than (25 x 25 yds.) (23X23 meters) of land under garden crops or less than 20 coconut trees or less than 20 banana plants or less than 20 other tree crops.
- 3. Subsistence Only. The household produces crops but does not sell.
- 4. Subsistence and Cash Cropping. The households main purpose of agricultural productions is to feed itself (subsistence) but some crops or surplus crops are sold.
- 5. Commercial. The households in this category differ from those in category 4 by the fact that their main purpose of production is to sell their produce either locally or for export.

Land Area

Land area will be measured in acres. There are 4,840 square yards in an acre. As a rough guide the following proportions of an acre are represented by squares whose sides have the following lengths.

| Area in Acres | Length of sides of square in yards | Meters |
|---------------|------------------------------------|--------|
| 1 | 70 | 64 |
| 3/4 | 60 | 55 |
| 1/2 | 50 | 45 |
| 1/4 | 35 | 32 |
| 1/8 | 25 | 23 |

Single cropped

A %single cropped+pattern refers to one cropqwhich has been planted in a regular pattern such as rows. If there are a few other trees/plants of different crops in scattered plantings over the plot, consider the plot to be single croppedqto the crop that is planted in a regular pattern.

Mixed Crop

A mixed crop+pattern refers to two or more crops which are interplanted in a regular pattern such as rows. Again if there are a few scattered plantings of other crops do not consider them to be crops that are interplanted in a mixed cropping+

Scattered Crop Pattern

A scattered pattern refers to crops/plants which <u>have not</u> been planted in any regular pattern such as rows or some uniform method of spacing and are usually few in numbers.. Scattered crops/plants can be found among plants of a regularly (pattern) planted plot.

Reference Periods

Agriculture Census 2009

The general reference period is one calendar year i.e. 1st January 2009 to 31ST December 2009. However, for the purpose of this census, the reference period for most of the items will be from January 1, 2009 to the time of visit or day of enumeration. Reference period for specific sections are indicated in the respective sections

Appendix 4: List of Forms

1. Household Form

The Household Form is the form to be filled up for all households located in your enumeration area that operates any agricultural land and/or livestock or poultry.

2. Holding Form

The Holding Form is the form to be filled with the purpose to identify each of the different agricultural holdings that the members of the households are engaged in from January 1, 2009 to the time of enumeration

3. Parcel Form

The Parcel Form is the form to be filled with the purpose to identify the number of parcels within the agricultural holdings and the different plots within the parcels and the crops planted or grown and crops harvested.

4. Table of Density Factor

The density factor refers to the globally agreed number of plants to an area in acres usually provided by UNFAO.

| Hous | Household Form Confidential The information is being collected under the authority of the Niue Census Act 2009 2009 NIUE MINI CENSUS OF POPULATION AND CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|-----|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Villa | Village Name: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Area number: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | SECTION I - HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION as of the Day of Enumeration) (The usual composition of household excludes temporary visitors but includes usual household members) TOTAL: FEMALES: MALE: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | All Persons | Aged 10 V | Years and ov | er | |
| No. | Full Name | Sex M-1 F-2 | Date of Birth dd/mm/y y | Age | Descent Niuean-1 Non Niuean - 2 | Country of Residenc e (Code) | Country of Residence 1 Year Ago (Code) | Educa- tional Attain- ment (Code) | Main Activity last week (Code) | Paid Job F/Time-1 P/Time-2 None-3 | Ave. Hrs/Week Work On Holding (Code) | Holding Operator Yes-1 No-2 | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | |
| 1 | , , | | , , | , , | 7. | , , | , , | 7 - | , , | , , | , , | , , | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 N 2 N | Country of Residence / Country of Residence Year Ago Educational Attainment Main Activity 1 Niue | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| CECTION II LEVEL O | E A CRICIII TUR | AL ACT | 11/175/ | OF THE | попетно | LDC /Dardan the |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| SECTION II – LEVEL 0 Period Jai | mary 1, 2009 to | | | | ноозено | LDS (During the |
| (1) Does your househ crops? (Encircle "1 Tick the box provided) | " for YES and c | | | | | as or other tree le "2" for NO and |
| 1 \ | ∕ES ↓ | 2 | NO | →Go to | Section I | II 1 |
| (2) Does your househounder garden crops or 20 other crops? (E for NO and Tick the bo | more than 20 (Incircle "1" for Y | coconut | sorn | nore thai | n 20 banan | as or more than |
| 1 (3) Did your household (Encircle "1" for YE the box provided)/ | | | ruits, | or other | | produce? |
| 1 (4) What do you regar crops primarily for hon | | urpose | of you | ur agricu | | uction, to produce |
| Mainly for Home C | onsumption | | | | | 4 |
| Mainly for Sale | | | | | | 5 |
| | | | | | | |

| SECTION III – LIVESTOCK, POULTRY and DOMESTIC ANIMALS | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|------------------|---------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1) Does the household have any livestock and/or domestic animals as of the day of enumeration? (Encircle "1" for Yes, otherwise encircle "2" for NO and enter code in box provided. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 YES | 2 NO → GO TO Section IV | | | | | | | | | |
| Kind of Livestock And Poultry | Code | Number Kept | (Ja | Slaughtere n.1, 2009 to tin | | Number of Live | | | | |
| | | (as of visit) | Sold | Consumed | Customary | Animals Sold (Jan.1,2009-visit time) | | | | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | | | | |
| 1 Cattle | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 Boars | 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 Sows | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 Other Pigs | 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 Total Pigs | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 Poultry, Housed | 6 | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 Poultry, Free range | 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| Domestic Animals) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 Cats | 8 | | /////// | /////////////////////////////////////// | /////////////////////////////////////// | /////////////////////////////////////// | | | | |
| 9 Dogs | 9 | | /////// | /////////////////////////////////////// | /////////////////////////////////////// | /////////////////////////////////////// | | | | |

| SE | СТІ | ION IV- | FIS | SHERIES | (du | ring th | e pe | eriod Ja | n. | n. 1, 2009 to Day of Enumeration) | |
|-----|-----|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----|--|--------|
| (1) | Da | | nun | neration? | | | | | | e in fishing anytime from January 1, 20 , otherwise, encircle "2 and enter the co | |
| | | | 1 | YES | | 2 | NC | →Go | , - | To Section V | |
| (2) | | (es, wha x provide | | e of fishin | g did | I the ho | useh | iold enga | agı | ge in? (Encircle the appropriate code and enter in | the |
| | | | 1 2 3 | Inshore F Offshore Both | | | | | | | |
| (3) | | | | | | | | | | s? (Encircle code "1" for Yes, otherwise e box provided.) | |
| | a) | Fish net | t? | | 1 | Yes | | 2 | 2 | No | Ш |
| | b) | Hook ar | nd L | ine | 1 | Yes | | 2 | 2 | No | |
| | c) | Spears | | | 1 | Yes | | 2 | 2 | No | |
| | d) | Trolling | į | | 1 | Yes | | 2 | 2 | No | |
| | e) | Bottom | F | ishing | 1 | Yes | | 2 | 2 | No | |
| | f) | Reefgl | ean | ing | 1 | Yes | | 2 | 2 | No | |
| (4) | | | - | | | | | | | nake during the last month? (Enter the t month in the boxes provided.) | |
| (5) | | | | | | | | | | lucts caught during the last month were s the box provided.) | old? |
| | | 0 | No | ne | | | 3 | About | 3/ | /4 | |
| | | 1 2 | | out ¼ out ½ | | | 4 | All | | | |
| (6) | | | | | | | | | | are normally engaged in fishing? <i>(Ente</i> | er the |
| | | | | | - 1 | n fishir | ng | | | ousehold Members engaged | |
| | | | | | 1 | Numbe | r of | Male N | ИE | embers | |
| (7) | | | | n <i>the bo</i> x Home C | <i>pro</i> ons or H | v <i>ided.</i> umptid ome C |) on C | Only | | old fishing activity? (Encircle code and en | ter |

| SECTION V EQUIPMENT (1) (1) Does your household own, hired, borrowed any of the following equipment. (Encircle "1" for Yes, otherwise, encircle "2" for NO and enter the code in the box provided). | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 YES | | 2 | NO Go TO S | SECTION VI | | | | | | | | |
| Type of Equipment | Code | Number Owned | | d/Borrowed 1, 2009 to day of | | | | | | | | |
| | | (as of visit) | enu | ımeration)) | | | | | | | | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | | (4) | | | | | | | | |
| Canoes | 01 | | 1-YES | 2-NO | | | | | | | | |
| Dinghies | 02 | | 1-YES | 2-NO | | | | | | | | |
| Outboard motors | rs 03 1-YES 2-NO | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| SECTION VI – UGA HUNTING (during the last month)) | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| (2) Did any members of this household engage in uga hunting last month (Encircle "1" for Yes, otherwise, encircle "2" for NO and enter the code in the box provided). | | | | | | | |
| 1 YES 2 NO → GO TO SECTION VII | | | | | | | |
| (3) If Yes, How many ugas were caught? Enter the number in the box provided.) | | | | | | | |
| (3) What is your main method of <u>catching</u> <u>uga</u> ? | | | | | | | |
| 1 Setting Hunting Trails 2 As you drive on the road 3 On the Cliffs 4 others Specify | | | | | | | |

SECTION VII – CONSUMPTION OF MAJOR CROPS Did the household consume the following crops in the last month? (Encircle "1" for Yes and "2" for No.) If Yes to any of the crops mentioned below, what is the average weekly consumption? Major Crops Yes or No. Units Number Drinking coconut 1 1 – Yes 2 – No nuts 2 2 – No Dry coconut for 1 – Yes Nuts cooking Dry coconut for feeding 3 1 – Yes 2 - No Nuts animals Banana green 4 1--Yes 2 --No Meals/week 5 Banana, Ripe 2 – No Meals/week 1 – Yes 6 1 – Yes 2 – No Meals/Week Taro 7 Cassava 1 – Yes 2 – No Meals/Week 8 1 – Yes 2 – No Papaya Meals/week

| | na | |
|--|----|--|
| | | |
| | | |

The information is being collected under the authority of the Niue Statistics Act 2009.

GOVERNMENT OF NIUE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES AND NATIONAL STATISTICS OFFICE

| AGRICULTURE | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Village Name Head of Household Area Number: EA Number Household Number Date of interview Enumerator Holding Number | | | | | | | | |
| SECTION I – NUMBER OF HOLDINGS AND METHOD OF OPERATION (During the period January 1, 2009 to Day of Enumeration) List the different agricultural holdings that the household is engaged in: (sole operation, family or other group operation – each combination forms a different holding). Check for parcels adjacent to the house, fallow land and parcels with abandoned or semi-abandoned crops. | | | | | | | | |
| Holding Number | Name(s) of Operator(s)* | Method of Operation | Number of | (E | Location inter Code) | | | |
| | | (Enter Code) | Separate Parcels | Area Number | Enumeration Area | | | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| * Write the name of the household head or the operator in the case of individual household operations or write the names of individual members if partnership or group operation — Encircle the respondent to be used for each holding if more than one operator. | | | | | | | | |
| Code for the Method of Operation (Col.3): 1 Individual Household on Own Account 2 In Partnership 3 A Village Association 4 Institution | | | | | | | | |

| SECTION II— TOTAL AREA OF THE HOLDING (as of the Day of Enumeration) | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Parcel Number * | Loca | ation | Total Area * | | Land Tenure (Code) | Land Use (Code) | Period Of Use (Years) | Proportion of crops Damaged by wild pigs |
| | Area Number (Code) | Enumer ation Area (code) | Whole acres | Fractions of acre | | | | 0=None 1=1/4 2=1/2 3=3/4 4=All |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | 8 | 9 |
| 1(Homestead) | d) | | | | | | | |
| 2. | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | | | | |
| 4. 5. | | | | | | | | |
| 5. 6. | | | | | | | | |
| 7. | | | | | | | | |
| 8. | | | | | | | | |
| 9. | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | |
| * Compute for the total number of parcels and the total area. Codes for: Land Tenure (Column 6) | | | | | | | | |

| SECTION III - LABOUR INPUTS (During the last week) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|-----|---------------------|----------------|------------|---|---|----------------------|---|
| (1) Details of Non Household Members , aged 10 years and over, working on the holding in the last week. Did the household employ any non household members on the holding during the last week? (Encircle "I" for Yes and "2" for No. Enter the answer on the box provided.) | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 Yes 2 No → Go to Section IV | | | | | | | | |
| Line No. | Sex (1/2) | Age | Paid- 1 Unpaid-2 | Hours/ week | Wages/week | | | Benefits le Code) | |
| 1 | | | | | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 2 | | | | | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 3 | | | | | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | | | | | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 5 | | | | | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Sex: 1 – Male Benefits: 0 – No other benefits 2 – free meals 2 -Females 1 – free or subsidized housing 3 – other benefits | | | | | | | | | |

| SECTION IV - HO | OUSEHOLD AGRICUL | TURAL INCOME AND CREDIT | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| , , | • | old's total income usually deri and enter it in the box provide | ved from agricultural activities. ed.) |
| 0 1 2 | None3 About ¼ About ½ | 3 About ¾ 4 All | |
| (2) Did any mem in the last 5 y | - | ld receive any loans directly r | elated to agricultural activities |
| 1 | Yes | 2 No Go to se | ection V |
| | | ly related to the household's : the answer and enter it in the | agricultural activities in the last box provided.) |
| 1 | NDB 2 | Bank of South Pacific 3 | other |
| | | | |
| SECTION V- USE | E OF FERTILIZERS, A | GRICULTURAL CHEMICALS I | in 2009 |
| (1) Did the hous in the box pro | | nic fertilizers? (Encircle "1" f | or Yes or "2" for No and enter |
| 1 YES | 2 NO | | |
| | | organic fertilizers such as nd enter in the box provided.) | leaves, animal manure, etc.? |
| 1 YES | 2 NO | | |
| ((3) Did the ho enter in the box | | ricultural chemicals? (Encircle | e "1" for Yes or "2" for No and |
| 1 YES | 2 NO Go to Se | ection VI | |
| (4) If Yes, specif | fy the agricultural che | emicals used. Main chemical u | used (office use only) |
| 1 Ins | secticide | | |
| 2 Нє | erbicide | | |
| | | | |

SECTION VI - EQUIPMENT OWNED (WORKING ORDER) AND HIRED/BORROWED

(1) Does your household own any of the equipment below? Did they hire or borrow any? Circle the appropriate code.

| Type of Equipment | Code | Number Owned (as of visit) | Hired/Borrowed (from Jan.1, 2009 to Time of Visit) | | |
|----------------------|------|-------------------------------|---|------|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | | (4) | |
| Knapsack Sprayer | 01 | | 1-YES | 2-NO | |
| Wheelbarrow | 02 | | 1-YES | 2-NO | |
| Chainsaw | 03 | | 1-YES | 2-NO | |
| Electric Generator | 04 | | 1-YES | 2-NO | |
| Brush Cutter | 05 | | 1-YES | 2-NO | |
| Planting stick(koho) | 06 | | 1-YES | 2-NO | |
| Rotary Hoe | 07 | | 1-YES | 2-NO | |

| | (2) Did your Household hire a bulldozer in the last year? (Encircle "1" for Yes or "2" for No and enter code in the box provided.) | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----|-------------|---|-------------------------------|-----|--|--|
| | 1 | YES | | 2 | NO Go to Section ¹ | VII | | |
| (3) If Yes, how many such hires by duration? | | | | | | | | |
| 7.7 | 1011 | | 77 0 0 1 10 | | T 11 011 | | | |

| Half Hour | One Hour | One & half Hour | Two Hours | Others |
|-----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|--------|
| | | | | |

SECTION VII - CROPS GROWN (during the period Jan. 1, 2009 to Time of Visit) For EACH CROP listed indicate the CROP STATUS CODE and, if Codes 1 or 2, the CROP USE CODE? Name of Crop Crop Crop Use Name of Crop Crop Use Crop Crop Crop Code Code Status Code Code Status Code Code (2)(3)(1)(3)(4)(1)(2)(4)Cassava Avocado Banana, Ripe Kape Kava Banana, Green Breadfruit Kumara Corn Taro Taro Pulaka Grapefruit Ō Yam Fekakai Bean Lemon Chinese Cabbage Ō Lime Corn Mango Cucumber О Nonu Egg Plant Orange Head Cabbage Papaya Passionfruit Lettuce Vanilla Pele o Pineapple Vi Ō Others;,,,,,,,,, Pumpkin o Spring Onions o Tomato Watermelon

Codes for Crop Status

0-Notgrownin2009

1—Currently growing.

2-Not Growing now BUT grown during 2009

Codes for Crop Use

1 — Mainly grown forhome consumption.

2—Mainly grown for sale

3-Party grown for home consumption and partty for sale

Parcel Form

GOVERNMENT OF NIUE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES NATIONAL STATISTICS OFFICE

| 2009 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|-------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| | | | | Con | fide | ntia | ı | | | |
| GEOG | RAPHIC | DENTIFIC | ATION AND | OTHER | REL | EVA | NT I | NEORMATIC | N | |
| Villag Enume House Holdin | e Number Je Name Jeration Aro Shold Num Je Number Je Number | ea: ber: | | | lage ume | : | n Are | f Parcel a: | Fraction | |
| SECT | ION PI. | NUMBER O | F SEPARAT | E PLOTS | IN | THIS | S PA | RCEL | | |
| SECT | ION P2. | PLOT DETA Elet. | AILS (from J | lan. 1, 20 | 09 t | o Tii | ne o | f Visit) Draw | a line after ea | ch |
| Plot No. | Acres | Area Fraction of Acres | Crops G Name | rown Code | | ethoo Sowir | | Proportion of Mixed if Code 2 | Number of Trees or Plants | Age in Years* |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | | (6) | | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| Total | | | | | Ė | | J | | | |
| Codo | for Mothor | N of Cowing: | 1 Cinalo | Oronnod | | | | | | |

Code for Method of Sowing:

- 1 Single Cropped2 Mixed Cropped3 Scattered

Important Note: Age in Years is only for coconut and cocoa plantation only.

| inc | | Number of | Proportion | | | |
|------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|----------|----------------|
| ine No. | Name of the Crop | Code (Official Use only) | Acres | Harvested* Fraction of an Acre | Plants * | Sold (Code) |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| | | | | | | |
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| tal | | | | | | |
| ill in | one only, either in area | or number of p | lants. | | | |
| - d 4 | for Droportion Cold | | | | | |
| Jaes 1 | for Proportion Sold: 0 None 3 ¾ | | | | | |

Appendix 5: List of Enumerators and Support Staff

| No. | ENUMERATORS | LOCATION | | |
|-----|----------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| 1 | Juvena Siataga | Alofi South 1 | | |
| 2 | Ofa Jackson-Williams | Alofi South 2 | | |
| 3 | Judy Tanevesi | Alofi South 3 | | |
| 4 | Joy Leolahi | Alofi South 4 | | |
| 5 | Susana St. Clair | Tamakautoga 1 | | |
| | Susana St. Clair | Tamakautoga 2 | | |
| 7 | Amanda Heka | Tamakautoga 2 | | |
| 8 | Brandon Tauasi | Avatele 1 | | |
| | Amanda Heka | Avatele 2 | | |
| 9 | New Aue | Vaiea | | |
| 10 | Tom Misikea | Hakupu 1 | | |
| 11 | Diamond Tauevihi | Hakupu 2 | | |
| 12 | Sifa Pulehetoa | Liku | | |
| 13 | Crisbina Konelio | Lakepa | | |
| 14 | Pamela Togiakona | Mutalau 1 | | |
| 15 | Leo Pita | Mutalau 2 | | |
| | Pamela Togiakona | Toi | | |
| | Leo Pita | Hikutavake | | |
| | Pamela Togiakona | Hikutavake | | |
| | Leo Pita | Namukulu | | |
| 16 | Taufakavalu Tukiuha | Tuapa 1 | | |
| 17 | Charlene Tukiuha | Tuapa 2 | | |
| 18 | Jamal Talagi | Makefu | | |
| 19 | Fanuma Sioneholo | Alofi North 1 | | |
| 20 | TerryAnne Mokoia | Alofi North 2 | | |
| | SUPERVISORS | Enumeration Areas | | |
| 1 | Gaylene Tasmania | AL STH | | |
| 2 | Natasha Toeono | TMK - HKP | | |
| 3 | Poi Okesene | LIK - NAM | | |
| 4 | Jaye Gataua | TUP - AL NTH | | |
| | CO-ORDINATOR | | | |
| 1 | Charlene Funaki | | | |
| | DATA ENTREES | | | |
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| 2 | Alana Tukuniu | | | |
| | CENSUS OFFICER | | | |
| 1 | Kimray Vaha | | | |